HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD.
HUBBUCK'S COLOURS and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE and COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES Securely packed for exportation to all Climates.
Beware of Counterfeits of Name and Trade Marks.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CALVERT'S CRESOL
DISINFECTANT & PURIFIER.
8 oz. 8d., 16 oz. 1s., & 32 oz. 1s. 6d. Bottles.
1 gallon Tins, 5s. each. (English rates.)
With full instructions for use on each package.
This fluid mixes readily with water in any proportion; it is much stronger in disinfecting power than other so-called non-poisonous fluids, and less expensive. It is very effective and cheap (in solution) for destroying Ants, washing Cattle, and to prevent Fly Bites on Animals.
F. C. CALVERT & Co., MANCHESTER.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., LD.
Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

No. 50,553—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1895.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	7th Dec.
R.M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	14th "
R.V.L. SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	21st "
B.I. PENINSULAR	5207	R. F. Briscoe	28th "
† THAMES	4113	A. Symons	4th Jan. 1896.
B.I. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	11th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	18th "
R.M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	25th "
R.V.L. CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	1st Feb.
B.I. † THAMES	4113	A. Symons	8th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	16th "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5280	M. De Horne	22nd "
† SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	29th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	E. Crewe	7th March
R.V.L. GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	14th "
R. M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	21st "
† SUTLEJ	4204	W. J. Nantes	28th "
B.I. PENINSULAR	5207	R. F. Briscoe	4th April,
† CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	11th "
R.M.L. ORIENTAL	5281	L. H. Moule	18th "
R.V.L. SUTLEJ	4202	W. J. Nantes	25th "
R.M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	2nd May.

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to BRINDISI, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.
The Steamers marked R.V.L. proceed direct to VENICE, taking Passengers for BRINDISI and LONDON, those for the latter port tranship to the mail Steamer at Aden, and Passengers for BRINDISI can either do the same or remain on board the through Venice Steamer.
The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.
The Steamers marked R.M.L. proceed to BRINDISI MARSEILLES and LONDON.
The "Caledonia" (marked R M) proceeds to BRINDISI and MARSEILLES. No Passengers for London will be booked for these voyages.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 A. M. on day of sailing.
A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at NOON on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo. Cargo steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals.
For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 14th November, 1895.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	J. Nicolich	4,119	750	1st Dec.
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassovich	4,194	750	1st Jan. 1895.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE, Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 8th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	G de Grisogono	4,409	350	7th Dec.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Felner	4,235	350	7th Jan. '96

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

[illegible] WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
[illegible] Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste [illegible], and other Routes.
[illegible] with the Steamers' Tickets the Company [illegible] way Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria [illegible] as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-[illegible]" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North [illegible] America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
GISELA	A. Mitis	4,253	350	21st Dec.

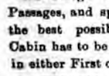
Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. AGLAIA to Madras, and Colombo.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
C. ZANELLA,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Nov. 21, 1895.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA (JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY).

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA'S Steamer "MUKE MARU," 3,107 Tons, Captain BROWN, will SAIL on or about the 12th December for TUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, and NAGASAKI, also engaging Cargo for SHANGHAI, CHEFOO, JINSEN, FUSAN, GENSAN, and VLADIVOSTOCK.
She has Accommodation for Eight Cabin Passengers with good Table.
For Freight and Passage Money apply to
TATA & SONS,
Agents.
Victoria Buildings: Fort, Bombay, 30th November, 1895.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1896.

MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY,



BEG to intimate that their HANDBOOK containing Full Particulars of the various Steamship Companies' arrangements for the Homeward Passenger Season, 1896, is now in course of distribution, and intending Passengers who may not have received Copies are invited to apply to either Bombay or Calcutta when the omission will be at once rectified.

No charge is made for arranging and booking Passages, and special attention is given to securing the best possible accommodation, and (when a Cabin has to be shared) congenial companionship in either First or Second Saloon.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at Bombay, London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
REDUCED RATES to Railway employés, Family Parties, and Missionaries.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2000 Hotels.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and Amrica."
TOURS to EGYPT, the Nile, the Holy Land, &c.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.
INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued. Insurance of Passengers Baggage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking Money Agency transacted.
Handbook of information free on application.
BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.
CALCUTTA, Old Court Street House.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Diseases, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all Disharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 7th December, at 2 p. m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, about the 7th December, at 10 a. m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 10th December, at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KHANDALA," 2,040 tons, about the 12th December, at Noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, about the 13th December, at 7 a. m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S. S. "LAWADA," 3,269 tons, about the 14th December, calling at such Ports as may be arranged.

FOR SEYCHELLES, ZANZIBAR, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,554 tons, about the 10th December, calling at Mahe (Seychelles), Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Inhambane, and Delagoa Bay.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 6th December, 1895. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and all information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

WANTED.

MOMBASSA-UGANDA RAILWAY.

WANTED, ACCOUNTANTS and CLERKS, to start from Bombay first week in January. Three years' agreement. Apply stating Terms and sending Copies of Testimonials to
F. RAWSON, Esq.,
care of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., Bombay.

WANTED,

FOR the Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution, an EXPERIENCED LADY TEACHER, one with University Degrees preferred, to TEACH the subjects of the Sixth and Fifth Anglo-Vernacular Standards. Apply with testimonials stating the lowest Salary required.
M. B. COLAH,
Honorary Secretary.

WANTED,

FOR the Preparatory and First Standard CLASSES of the Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution, an EUROPEAN LADY TEACHER, of good teaching experience, Matriculated, or one possessing a practical knowledge of the Kindergarten System. Salary, Rs. 25 per month. Apply with testimonials to
M. B. COLAH,
Honorary Secretary.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

SCREW STEAM LAUNCH "FLIRT," Carvel Built of Teak, at Bombay Government Dockyard in 1879.

Length	45ft 0in
Breadth	8ft 6in
Depth	5ft 3in
Length of Engine Room	12ft 5in
Draft of Water Forward	5ft 3in
Draft of Water Aft	5ft 9in

The Vessel will be sold as she lies now off Ballard Road Pier. Further particulars can be obtained on application to
MAURICE BEAN,
Commander, R. I. M., Port Officer of Bombay.
Port Office, Bombay, 28th November, 1895.

THE "MOZART" STOOL.

(Size 14 in. by 18 in.)

"RISE AND FALL ARTIST'S SEAT"

A most perfect Piano Seat, possesses the important advantages of 5 in. elevation, absolute steadiness and quick rise by a few Turns of either Handle; strong metal mechanism in

LEATHER, RICH VELVET AND SADDLEBAG, Rs. 65 to Rs. 85.

THE "MOZART" MODEL UPRIGHT BOUDOIR PIANOS,
Rs. 650 to Rs. 750.

Refined and elegant exterior, SPECIALLY BUILT for the CLIMATE OF INDIA, solid metal frames, beautifully sweet and powerful in tone: full Compass.
Height 4 ft. 1 in., Width 4 ft. 11 in. Depth 2 ft. 1 in.
SPECIAL EASY TERMS for Hire Purchase.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
BOMBAY & POONA.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"24, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Routh Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.
"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenges is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,
"A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M., Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. and L.M., Edinburgh.

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS 75 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis: one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Tins and Bottles by all Chemists.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE EXPOSITION AND INTERNATIONAL DISPLAY OF ALL NATIONS, MONTREAL, CANADA.

FROM MAY 24TH TO OCTOBER 12TH, 1896.

CANADA'S first GREAT EXPOSITION affords a pre-eminently unique opportunity to Manufacturers and Exporters to OPEN TRADE in that direction.

The Empire of India Section is replete with Oriental splendour. The undersigned having been appointed Commissioner-General for India, will be glad to receive Exhibits from the owners of Artistic, Industrial, and Historical objects of interest, such as Arms, Furniture, Costumes, Pictures, Jewellery, &c., for which, if approved, it will provide free transit, ample and appropriate space for exhibiting, also every possible protection, and will guarantee to return the same at the close of the Exposition.

Application for necessary Forms for Exhibit space, privilege or concession, &c., and other information, can be obtained from the undersigned.

H. PRASAD,
Sir Mangaldas Nathubhoy's Garden, Tardeo, Bombay.

1896 LETTS' DIARIES ARE NOW READY.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

ASQUITH & LORD, APOLLO ST. BOMBAY.

HIGH-CLASS—TAILORS,
BREECHES—MAKERS,
SHIRT—MAKERS,
HOSIERS—HATTERS.

CHAMPAGNES,

SHIPPED BY
MOET & CHANDON, EPERNAY,
Proprietors of 2,500 Acres of the Finest Vineyards in the Champagne District.
(ESTABLISHED 1743.)

DRY IMPERIAL.
Per case of 1 doz. Quarts .....Rs. 90
Per case of 2 doz. Pints..... ,, 96
USED AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE AND MARLBOROUGH HOUSE.

LEBEAU.
Per case of 1 doz. Quarts .....Rs. 70
Per case of 2 doz. Pints..... ,, 74
This Wine is supplied to
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

CHARLES BOILEAU FILS,
A Pure Wholesome Wine at a Low Price.
Per case of 1 doz. Quarts .....Rs. 56
Per case of 2 doz. Pints..... ,, 60

Fresh Consignments of the above to Hand.
APPLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
19, Bank Street, Bombay,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
SUPPLIERS BY THE BOTTLE:—
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
33, Hummum Street, Bombay.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA, BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.
LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and
Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS, Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
Supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the Intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!!!

JEWELLERY,
ELECTROPLATED GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS,
CHRISTMAS CARDS,
AN UNRIVALLED SELECTION OF
NEW GOODS,
IN
ALL DEPARTMENTS.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.
Catalogues free on Application.

'XMAS CARDS.	In great variety, all this year's Novelties by the best makers. From 2 annas, upwards.
'XMAS CRACKERS.	By Tom Smith and Son, in every variety and at all prices. Inspection solicited.
'XMAS CAKES.	By Huntley and Palmers, just received and consequently Fresh. Almond, Fruit, Family, Sultana, etc.
'XMAS FRUITS.	Figs, Nuts, Grapes, Dates, Raisins, Almonds, Crystallised Fruits and Fruits in Syrup.
'XMAS SWEETS.	Mixed Sweets, Fruit Drops, Acid Drops, Conversation Lozenges, Chocolate Creams, Butter Scotch, Toffee. Almond Rock, etc., etc.
'XMAS WINES.	Ports, Sherries, Clarets, Hocks, Champagnes, Italian Wines, Spanish Wines, etc.

Send for 'Xmas Price List to PHILLIPS & CO., LD., Oriental Bank Buildings, Fort, and Victoria House, Byculla. (Also at Poona).

INDIAN VIEWS AND CHARACTERS.

'XMAS CARDS

For Home Sending.

1. A Bombay Fruit Seller.
2. The Cathedral High School.
3. Rajabai Tower.
4. Rope Dancers.
5. Crawford Market.
6. Hindoo Girls Drawing Water from a Well.
7. The Jogee Playing Music.
8. Interior of a Hindoo Temple.
9. A Brahmin Astrologer.
10. Secretariat Buildings.
11. The Bombay High Court.
12. The Doctor and his Client.
13. Consulting for his Fortune.
14. How a Barber Shaves his Customer.
15. The Apollo Hotel.
16. Cobblers Repairing Shoes.
17. Victoria Terminus Station.
18. A Group of Coolies Playing Geherias.
19. Taboot Procession.
20. Yacht Club Buildings, &c., &c.

ANNAS 10 each.

☞ VERY LIMITED NUMBER OF THE ABOVE IS LEFT.

23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY. MADON, SONS & CO., GENERAL MERCHANTS. Opposite Gocluldas Tejpal Hospital, Carnac Road.

SOUNDY'S TENSE STEEL FRAME PIANOS FOR INDIA.

HAVING first introduced Steel Frame Pianos into India in 1890, we have since that time proved from experience that they are the best adapted to the climate, we have therefore had the Steel Frames still further improved in construction, with the result that our TENSE STEEL FRAME PIANOS now give the greatest possible resistance against climatic influence, absolute security to the pin plank, and being of steel, a maximum rigidity is obtained with a minimum of weight consistent with strength. These desirable results have been attained after our 36 years' experience of the effect the Indian climate has on Pianos.

The TENSE STEEL FRAMES are cast in one piece, and covering the wrest-plank, and not merely an ordinary frame with a separate thin Metal Plate.

The tone is all that can be desired, and is of a pure singing quality, but with a resonance not to be found in the general run of Iron Frame Pianos.

Our imports for the coming season will be the finest we have ever offered for excellence of workmanship, exterior finish, quality of tone, and durability.

SOUNDY & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

SODA WATER TWO ANNAS PER DOZEN.

MAKE YOUR OWN SODA WATER AT HOME AT UNDER TWO ANNAS PER DOZEN WITH
THE DOMESTIC SODA WATER MACHINES.

THE
SIRDAR'S CARBONIC ACID INVENTIONS SYNDICATE CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.
GOOLAM HOOSEIN AMIRUDIN, Market Agency, 6, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

THE EVENT OF MONDAY. DECEMBER 9TH,

SPECIAL EXHIBITION
OF
CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES.
BY
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO.

NOVELTIES IN 'XMAS PRESENTS.

BOLTON & Co. have this year imported a most extensive selection of Articles specially selected, for CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S PRESENTATIONS.
WINES, SPIRITS, AND LIQUERS.
DILMAN'S STORES.
FRENCH CONFECTIONERY AND CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.
GLASS TABLE ORNAMENTS.
DIAMOND, GOLD, AND SILVER JEWELLERY.
ELECTROPLATED WARE.
NOVELTIES IN FANCY GOODS AND ZYLONITE.
TOYS in VARIETIES.
THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
IMPORTERS OF NOVELTIES,
BOMBAY.

CLOCKS.

WE have just added to our already LARGE and VARIED Collection a supply of some of the Latest Designs in CLOCKS. The following List will give some idea of the very EXTENSIVE STOCK we have to select from:—

TOWER OR TURRET CLOCKS.
Of any dimensions, from 2 feet to 12 feet diameter.

MUSICAL TUBE CHIMING CLOCKS.
Highest London Finish.

WALL CLOCKS.
English, American, German, and Swiss Clocks in a variety of Designs.

CARRIAGE or PALKI CLOCKS.
Ormolu or Mosaic Gold Cases in handsome Leather Cases for Travelling.

LADIES' CARRIAGE CLOCKS.
In Best Chased or Polished Ormolu Cases, with and without Fancy Enamelling.

CUCKOO CLOCKS.
Old-fashioned, but always favourites, beautiful Carving.

AUTOMATIC CLOCKS.
Or Clock without Hands, the Latest Novelty.

LIGHT-HOUSE CLOCKS.
Models in Gilt or Nickel, with Timepiece, Aneriod, Barometer, and Thermometer.

FANCY CLOCKS.
Mercury, Astronomy, &c., real Bronze Figure.

BRACKET CLOCKS.
In various Sizes, and Unique Ornamentation.

AMERICAN THIRTY DAYS'
Timepieces that go with one Winding for Thirty Days.

DRUM CLOCKS AND TIMEPIECES.
Of very fine Movements and Appearance, specially made for Travelling.

400-DAY CLOCKS.
Splendid Clocks, make attractive Table Ornaments under a Glass Dome.

ENGINE MODEL CLOCKS.
Various forms of the above closely imitated.

HALL OR LIBRARY CLOCKS.
Some of these strike the Hours and Half-hours, while others strike the Quarters in addition.

BOUDOIR TIMEPIECES.
A Novel Collection of these Useful and Decorative Timekeepers.

MARCKS & Co. LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 11 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1894.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1883	87,18,240	16,45,648	53,22,048
1894	1,09,16,794	33,98,357	1,80,52,078

It will thus be seen that in Eleven Years the Net Premium Income has more than doubled, whilst the Funds show an Increase in a still larger proportion, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS:—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).
THE WORLD MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE, and MARINE RISKS.

Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

FRIENDS IN ENGLAND SHOULD NOT BE FORGOTTEN

AT 'XMAS TIME.

WHAT more welcome present could be thought of than a hamper of choice CIGARS, such as the favourite

"BAHADUR"?

ORDERS NOW BOOKED FOR DELIVERY TO ANY PART OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, FREE OF ALL CHARGES TO THE RECIPIENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS:
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

GENTS' EVENING WEAR.

	Per Pair. Rs. a.
BLACK BAL SOCKS, EMBD. SIDES	2 0
BLACK BAL SOCKS, EMBD. FRONTS	2 4
BLACK Lisle Thread, EMBD. FRONTS	2 12
BLACK Spun Silk, EMBD. FRONTS	5 0
BLACK Pure Silk, EMBD. FRONTS	10 0
	Per Doz.
WHITE DRESS TIES	4 8
" " BOWS, NEWEST SHAPES.	5 0
	Per Pair.
WHITE KID GLOVES	2 0
LAVENDER "	2 8
" Black POINTS	2 12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DAY, SATURDAY, 7TH DEC.
AT
ERNMENT HOUSE GROUND, PAREL,
A GRAND
BALLOON ASCENT
AND
PARACHUTE JUMP
By PROF. VAN TASSELL,
The World's most Successful Aeronaut.

A scientific demonstration of the principles of Ballooning and Parachuting.

PROF. VAN TASSELL, on ascending to an altitude of not less than 5,000 feet, will burst his Balloon, descend to earth by means of his patent Parachute, and land within the Enclosure, thus demonstrating his dominion over the very air he breathes.

As an noble exercement of science this will be one of the grandest exhibitions ever witnessed. On this occasion

THE MAMMOTH BALLOON,
CITY OF LONDON,
Of 100,000 cubic feet capacity, will be used.

PROF. VAN TASSELL has had the honour of performing before the Principal Chiefs of India and the Shah of Persia.

Gates Open at 3 P.M.
Balloon Inflation, 4-15 P.M.
Balloon Ascent, 4-45 P.M.
Don't fail to witness the inflation ! !

Reserved Seats ..... Rs. 3 0 0
Second Seats ..... ,, 1 0 0
Garden Enclosure ..... ,, 0 4 0
Children Half-price to 1st and 2nd Class only.
Tickets from Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., and at the GATE.

TOWN HALL.
SACRED CONCERT,
SATURDAY, 14TH DECEMBER, AT 9 P.M.,
On behalf of the BUILDING FUND
Of the Wesleyan Naval and Military Church.

Vocal and Instrumental Solos will be given by Mrs. Farlow, Miss Ella Dorn, Miss Rawson, Sig...

...OSCOPE."
...EST WONDER.
...A. GRAHAME, Electrician,
...s to announce that he has opened
...BIC EXHIBITION,
...ade Road, between Dr...'s
...ham, Pile and Co.'s
...NCHES LORD ... AND LADY ELGIN
...Private Exhibition thereat.
...tion and ... Re. 1.
...DAY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
...h ... A.M. and 9 P.M.
...on application for Private Exhibitions
...the Manager.

...OW READY.
...AY GAZETTE
...ND SUMMARY.
...ETTE ... OVERLAND SUMMARY,
...atch by ... Overland Mail for
...addition ... all the news of the
...ritten ... Market and Freight Report,
...mmary of Events.
...n (in advance) .....Rs. 12
...nding postage to Europe) Rs. 15
.....As. 4
..., Esplanade Road, Fort.

...RAILWAY CO., LD.
...NOTICE.
...PUBLIC AUCTION of SCRAP
...OUGHT-IRON, and other Condemn-
...the General Stores Yard, Nagpur,
...December, 1895, and following days,
By Order,
HENRY CARPENTER,
Chief Storekeeper.
...ember, 1895.

...ING CONTRACTORS.
...be received for the cons-
...ADDITIONAL BLOCKS to the ESPLA-
...upon P.M., on the 11th instant.
...and Conditions of Contract will be on
...of the Sirdar's Agency, between the
...must be made with every Tenderer
...ntractor whose Tender is accepted
...ditions of Contract.
R. A. WILLIS,
...Sirdar Diler-ul-Mulk Bahadur, C.I.E.
...mbay, 6th December, 1895.

...'S PROCLAMATION.
...COURT OF JUDICATURE AT
BOMBAY.
...ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
...SUIT No. 455 OF 1894.
...widow and Administratrix of
...cts of DHUNJISHAW alias
...HOY SORABJEE SHAH Deceased,
...Parsi Inhabitant, residing in house
...ora Bazar street, within the Fort ...Plaintiff.
vs.
BAI ... AGAI, Widow of JAMSETJEE RATAN-
JEE SUBEDAR, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant,
residing in house No. 397-72, in Shaik Abdul
Rahimon Street, outside the Fort, BAI AIMAI
KHURSETJEE MODE, also of Bombay, Parsi
Inhabitant, residing in house No. 2nd Marine
Street, outside the Fort .....Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit on the 17th Day of January, 1895, it was ordered inter alia that the 1st Defendant, Bai Awabai, should pay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rupees 1,02-14-0 for taxed costs of the Suit.

And whereas by a Warrant of Sale dated the 24th Day of July, 1895, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell all the right, title, and interest of the Defendant, Bai Awabai, in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned that is to say :—

All that piece or parcel of pension tax land or ground situate, lying and being at Dumbarwadi (Dhobi Talao), without the Fort of Bombay, bearing Collector's Old No. 53, New No. 733, Collector's Old Survey No. 16, and New Survey No. 3414, containing by admeasurement from 285 to 291 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on the North by the property of Nowroji Bennett, on the East partly by the property of Rajbai alias Raghubai Peithaji, on the South partly by Dhaswadi (Dhobi Talao) lane and partly by the said property of Rajbai alias Raghubai Peithaji, and on the West partly by the property of the said Nowroji Bennett and partly by the said Dhaswadi (Dhobi Talao) Lane.

2nd. All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground situate, lying and being at 3rd Marine Line, Dhobie Talao, without the Fort of Bombay, bearing Collector's Old No. 727, New No. 3551, Collector's Old Survey No. 1-10, and New Survey No. 3862.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on the date and at the hours and places undermentioned the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale put up for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder and without reserve. All the right title, and interest of the said Defendant, Bai Awabai, in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree and costs of previous execution and of the said warrant.

The property secondly above described will be Sold on the premises at 3-30 o'clock P.M., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th Day of January, 1896.

The property firstly above described will be Sold on the premises at 4 o'clock P.M., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th Day of January, 1896.

The following is a list of the rights, charges, and claims to which the said lands and premises finally described are supposed to be liable :—

1. Claim of Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama, for a charge and a lien on the title, deeds for the amount of his taxed costs.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant, Bai Awabai, to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendant, Bai Awabai, have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation, any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovenamed Plaintiff has obtained permission to bid at the Sale.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the Sale.

The Sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchasers.

For further information and conditions of Sale application should be made at the Office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 6th Day of December, 1895.

G. W. ROUGHTON,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Mr. MIRZA HOOSEIN KHAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

KOP'S BEER
(NON-ALCOHOLIC)

Is gaining in favour in India as a sound, safe, and very palatable Beverage. Sales constantly increasing.

Rs. 7-0 for Qts. ; Rs. 3-12 for Pts.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY CLUB.

A VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT,

In Aid of the Convalescent Home, Khandalla, will be given by the above in the

NOVELTY THEATRE,
ON FRIDAY, 13TH DECEMBER.

All the Leading Talent will appear
POPULAR PRICES.
Plan, Messrs. ROSE and Co., Fort.
N.B.—Secure your seats early.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

CARS will NOT RUN beyond the VICTORIA GARDENS, in the direction of Parel, between 3 P.M. and 6 P.M., FOR THIS DAY ONLY.

By Order,
E. T. ANSELL,
Traffic Superintendent.

Saturday, 7th December, 1895.

'XMAS PRESENTS.

REDUCTION UP TO NEW YEAR'S DAY ONLY.

LATEST London Designs and Choice Varieties of Gold Brooches, Charms, Scarf-pins, Rings, Ear-rings, Alberts, Necklaces, and Bracelets with Diamonds, Rubies or Pearls, Selected and Specially Ordered out for the Season. Also Real Ivory and Mother-o'-Pearl, Silver-Mounted, Paper Knives, and Gold and Silver Jewellery, can be had at

B. NUSSERWANJEE & CO.

NOTICE.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
BLUE BOOK CODES.

PROVIDERS are invited to supply a supply of the Company's Blue Book Codes.

Tenders will be on the Company's Form, sealed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 2,000, will be received by the Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 18th December, after which hour no Tender will be taken. Forms of Tender can be obtained and samples seen upon application to the Undersigned.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 21st November, 1895. General Storekeeper.

COMMERCIAL & I... BANK, LIMITED.

...AND for the Busy Season

THE TRADE ... to set in, this Branch is authorized ... having current Deposits on Special Terms to be learnt to receive short ... the Undersigned, on application.

F. D. STRANACK,
...ade Road, Nov. 22 1895. Manager.

NOTICE TO MOFUSSIL RESIDENTS.

FRESH FRUITS, Fish, Vegetables, Provisions, &c., sent to Out-stations. Dates, Apricots, and Walnuts, each 3 annas per lb.

TUKINA, Bazaar-supplier,
Khara Kua, Bombay.

TENDER FOR STONE SETTS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of One Thousand (1,000) Tons, First Quality, squarely and evenly dressed, hard STONE SETTS, measuring 6" deep by 4" wide in length, to be at option of Supplier, but not less than 9" and not more than 12" each. Price to include delivery in Calcutta either at Jetty or Kidderpore Docks. Five Hundred (500) Tons to be delivered by 31st January, 1896, and the remainder within two (2) months from that date. Prompt Cash on delivery into Company's premises.

Tenders with Samples to be forwarded to

JNO. R. MAPLES,
Managing Agent, Calcutta Tramways Co., Ld., Bhowanipore, Calcutta.

EDUCATION IN GERMANY.

HOME in the family of Dr. Gloël for one or two boys, attending the Royal College (Gymnasium) in Wesel. Residence in healthy situation surrounded by Private Park. Terms £75 per year.

Application to

Dr. GLOEL,
Landhaus Birkenfeld,
Wesel-am-Rhein,
Germany.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
KEROSENE OIL.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of such quantities of Refined PETROLEUM or KEROSENE OIL, as the Company may require during the year 1896, estimated at 15,000 Chests.

Tenders which must be on the Company's Form (to be obtained from the Undersigned), sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,500, will be received by the Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, after which hour no Tender will be taken.

The deposit will be held by the Company as security for the due and proper fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which on the Contractor's part will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of proving any absolute loss by the transaction, and the Railway Company may cancel the Contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 3rd December, 1895.

BANKS

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE, BANK (LIMITED),
HEAD OFFICE—MADRAS.
ESTABLISHED 1885,
CAPITAL..... 25 LAKHS.
BRANCHES, BOMBAY AND RAWALPINDI.

Summarised Statement of Affairs, Half-year ended 30th June, 1895.

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid-up	Rs.	23,62,487 0 10
Reserves and Rest	,,	10,46,454 1 6
Deposits	,,	99,51,485 10 1
Bills and Acceptances	,,	11,51,512 12 5
Sundries	,,	2,31,133 5 2
Total	Rs.	1,36,63,772 14 0

ASSETS.

Cash	Rs.	13,30,553 4 4
Government and other Authorised Securities	,,	7,75,810 5 6
Loans, Bills, Advances	,,	1,11,01,222 4 9
Properties, Dead Stock	,,	1,48,331 9 8
Bills, Contra, Sundries	,,	3,07,825 5 9
Total	Rs.	1,36,63,772 14 0

N. B.—Fixed Deposits received at 5, 4½, 4, 3½ per annum for 36, 12, 9, 6 months respectively.
Cash Credits and fixed Loans granted.

By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 55,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE :
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
W. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited).
F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director, P. & O. S. N. Co.
EWEN CAMERON, } Managers.
G. E. NOBLE, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :—
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and under preceding Rs. 1,50,000.

Money taken on deposit for Fixed Periods, and Interest is at present allowed as under :—

12 Months ..... 3½ per cent.
6 Months ..... 2½ per cent.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.

10, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

CRÉDIT LYONNAIS.
(ESTABLISHED 1863.)

CAPITAL..... Fcs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000
RESERVE FUND..Fcs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000

BOMBAY BRANCH : ESPLANADE ROAD.
CENTRAL OFFICE : PARIS. HEAD OFFICE : LYONS.
BRANCHES in all principal Towns of France and Algiers
LONDON OFFICE : 40, Lombard Street, E. C.
WEST END BRANCH : 4, Cockspur Street, S. W.
BRANCH IN CALCUTTA.

FOREIGN BRANCHES :
Alexandria. St. Petersburg. Madrid. Brussels. Constantinople.
Cairo. Moscow. Barcelona. Geneva. Smyrna.
Port Said. Odessa.

THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on all English and Foreign Towns.

Issues Letters of Credit.

Exchanges Foreign money, executes investment orders in Securities on all Indian, English, or Foreign Stock Exchanges, and gives information when required on Securities dealt in on the Leading Stock Exchanges.

Receives Securities for safe custody, and accepts responsibility for same, except against irresistible force, that is to say, "force majeure." Charges on withdrawal, a fee of ½ per cent. Collects Interest or Dividends at ¼ per cent., but if remitted in the Bank's drafts, no commission charged.

Grants advances in current account, or for fixed periods, on Rupee paper, approved stock shares, bullion, and produce.

Opens deposit accounts, allowing interest at 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.

Receives fixed deposit for 12 months at 3 per cent. p. a.
for 6 months at 2½ per cent. p. a.

General Banking Business transacted.

"GAZETTE" INSURANCE COUPON:

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.,
9, NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C. ; 7, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA ; & 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Rs. 10,000 "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Rs. 10,000
DEATH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COUPON.

APPLICABLE TO ADEN, INDIA, BURMA, AND CEYLON,
BY SEA OR RAIL.

TEN THOUSAND RUPEES will be paid by the above INSURANCE COMPANY to the legal representatives of any person killed by an accident to the Passenger Train or to the Steamer in which the deceased was travelling as an ordinary passenger ; or who shall have been fatally injured thereby, should death result within one calendar month after such accident.

And the like amount will be paid should such injury not prove fatal but result in the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in both eyes or by physical separation of both hands ; or of both feet or of one hand and one foot.

Five Thousand Rupees will be paid should such injury only result in the loss by physical separation of one hand ; or of one foot ; or the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in one eye.

Provided at the time of such accident the person so killed or permanently injured was the owner of this INSURANCE COUPON for the current issue with his or her name written underneath, or if it is proved that he or she is a subscriber to the "Bombay Gazette" through the publishers, and also that notice of claim is given within SEVEN DAYS from the date of the accident, which are conditions

[illegible]

AUG. A. FRIDLANDER,
PRECIOUS STONE DEALER,
14, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCH OFFICES :
31, HYLTON STREET, BIRMINGHAM.
2, TULPSTRAAT, AMSTERDAM.
40, RUE DE MALINES, BRUXELLES.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESSES :
"DIETZIAH, LONDON."
"FRIDLANDER, BIRMINGHAM."
A B C CODE USED.

IS OPEN TO RECEIVE CONSIGNMENTS OF RUBIES, SAPPHIRES, PEARLS AND ALL PRECIOUS STONES. HIGHEST PRICES GIVEN, AND IMMEDIATE TELEGRAPHIC CASH OFFERS WILL BE MADE.

GOODS CAN BE CONSIGNED DIRECT OR THROUGH ANY LONDON BANK.

REFERENCES CAN BE OBTAINED AT
THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LTD., LONDON, OR BRANCHES IN INDIA.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
SIMON LEHMANN & CO, BANKERS, PARIS.
AMSTERDAMSCHE BANK, AMSTERDAM, HOLLAND.
GEBRUDER STERN, BANKERS, HANAU, GERMANY.

INSURANCES.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
[ESTABLISHED 1834.]

ASSURANCES effected for the Whole Term of Life and for Short Periods at Low Rates of Premium.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable on attaining the Age of 45, 50 and 55, or previous, in the event of Death, also Granted.

POLICIES issued in Sterling if preferred, the Premium being payable at the Current Rate of Exchange.

PREMIUM Reduced to European Rates on passing PORT SAID Homewards.

MEDICAL FEES paid by the Society.

CLAIMS PAID immediately on Proof of Death.

For Prospectus and Full Particulars
Apply to—
KING, KING & CO.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

FIRE INSURANCE

	Exclusive of Rose Value.	
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£	3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, inclg. RESERVE FUND,	,,	3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M	6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co. CAPITAL	,,	6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	,,	2,500,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	2,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, inclg. RESERVE FUND	£	3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,,	2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	,,	2,250,000

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

INSURANCE.

FIRE. ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY. LIFE.

FUNDS EXCEED £8,200,000.

New Life Assurances completed during 1894 :—
£1,017,690.

LAST BONUS declared at the rate of £1 10s. per cent. per annum on sum assured.

All the Advantages of Modern Practice offered.

The ROYAL is the LARGEST and STRONGEST Fire Office in the world, a position which shows the Public's Appreciation of its methods in every respect.

Net Fire Premiums received in 1894, £2,032,450.
CLAIMS PAID EXCEED £34,000,000.

Further particulars may be had on Application to
BOMBAY :—

AGENTS : Messrs. T. H. MOORE & Co., Hummum Street.
BRANCH OFFICE : OLD SECRETARIAT. D. LINDSAY, Secretary.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.

BOMBAY OFFICE.—29, ESPLANADE ROAD.
LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THIS Company offers unusual advantages to intending Assurers. The tables are popular and easily understood. The POLICIES are the most liberal offered to the Public, and ARE FREE FROM ALL UNNECESSARY RESTRICTIONS, WORLD-WIDE and UNCONDITIONAL. Holders LARGE GUARANTEED BONUS OF 2 PER CENT. per annum on the sum Assured.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

THE POLICIES of this Company cover Accidents of all kinds incurred in Sport, Business, or Travel at Home or abroad without restriction.

Ordinary Risks.—Rs. 50 per annum will Secure Rs. 10,000 on Death ; Rs. 10,000 on Permanent Total Disablement ; Rs. 5,000 on Permanent Partial Disablement ; Rs. 50 Weekly during Temporary Total Disablement ; Rs. 15 Weekly during Temporary Partial Disablement.

GUARANTEE DEPARTMENT.

Suretyship undertaken for the Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust on the yearly payment of a small sum.

The Different kinds of Risks have been carefully classified, and the Company is in a position to undertake all Classes at the Lowest Possible Rates.

Full particulars may be obtained from
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LD.,
Chief Agents.

INSURANCES.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE :
ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Board of Directors :—
THE HON'BLE MR. FAZULBHOY VISRAM, C.I.E. CHAIRMAN.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq.
THE HON'BLE MR. JAVERILAL U. YAJNIK.
S. M. MOSES, Esq.
W. M. MACAULAY, Esq.
DR. COWASJEE HORMUSJEE, G.G.M.C.

ALL,
Who are desirous of effecting
LIFE ASSURANCES
Should carefully compare the various advantages offered by the
ORIENTAL
With those of any other Company.

It is the Company that grants Assurance at English rates in India by a special system.

As an Indian Company, its Funds remain in India, thus avoiding a heavy loss by exchange.

All its funds are invested in Government Securities giving Unquestionable Security.

It has the support of all races in India, European and Native.

Its expenses of Management are the lowest of any Life Assurance Company of the same age.

It grants all classes of Policies at the lowest safe rates, with Special and Advantageous Features.

Moderate Premiums,
Generous Conditions,
Liberal Surrender values,
Immediate Settlement of claims

FUNDS EXCEED
ONE CRORE OF RUPEES.

CLAIMS PAID FOR OVER 36 LAKHS.

Prospectus, Forms, and further Particulars from
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."
CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It

Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blotches, Blood or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter,
From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.

"My Friend,—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams, I could not go fishing. I could not eat or sleep ; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of June is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanua Levu.

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicines than 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from 'Jonathan,' a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of those large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a lesser quantity will effect a cure.—I am dear Sir, yours faithfully

"T. EDGUMBE DUNSFORD.
46 Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the World.

Proprietor : T. CLARKE, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.
Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.
Trade Mark : "BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GOLD PRIZE-MEDAL NATIONAL ACADEMY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

H. & T. KIRBY & COMPANY,
GIVE NOTICE
THAT THEY ARE
THE ONLY MAKERS OF PHOSPHORUS PILLS,
THAT ARE PREPARED
ACCORDING TO
DR. KIRBY'S FORMULÆ.
DON'T BE MISLED into buying CHEAP and DISHONEST SUBSTITUTES.

Every bottle of the Genuine Pills carries their Trade Mark. If this be not intact refuse to buy and send direct to one of the appointed Agents, or to H. & T. KIRBY & Co., London.

AGENTS FOR THE GENUINE PILLS :

BATHGATE & Co., Calcutta ; TREACHER & Co., Bombay & Poona ; PHILLIPS & Co., Bombay ; LYELL & Co., Allahabad ; PLOMER & Co., Lahore & Simla ; BALL, HOBSON & Co., Umballa & Kasauli ; Mr. R. SHEPHERD, Karachi ; DE SOUZA & Co., Rangoon.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 9.
(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine.)
A combination of the most powerful Nerve Tonics known. These pills are Powerful Restorers of Health, Vigour, and Nerve Power in all cases of Nervous Exhaustion, especially in that feeble condition of body and mind induced by alcoholism, dissipation, and excesses of all kinds. In Melancholia, Failure of Energy, and Business Capacity, and other feeble condition indicating premature old age they are exceedingly energizing and strength-giving, and invaluable remedy for convalescents from Fever and other exhausting diseases.

PHOSPHORUS AND CANTHARIDES PILLS, No. 20.
These Pills operate as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs, producing no irritation of the gastro-intestinal organs. They are especially useful in premature failure of power induced by passive discharges due to debility. Also as a stimulating emmenogogue in obstinate cases of Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, and Atony of the Uterus.

PHOSPHORUS, DAMIANA, AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 36.
These are made with the *True* Damiana Plant, the efficacy of which in premature failure of power are well known. It is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when given as a remedy for Loss of Power.

In Bottles, 3s., 5s., & 10s., each (English Money). The 10s. Bottle contains sufficient for 4 weeks.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS PILLS OFFERED AT LOW PRICES.
SEE THAT THE TRADE MARK IS INTACT.

Appointed Agents—From whom the Genuine Pills can be obtained : Calcutta, BATHGATE & Co. Bombay, TREACHER & Co. ; PHILLIPS & Co. Poona, TREACHER & Co. Allahabad, LYELL & Co. Lahore and Simla, PLOMER & Co. Umballa and Kasauli, BALL, HOBSON & Co. Rangoon, DE SOUZA & Co.

H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LD.,
14, NEWMAN ST., LONDON, W.

THE
ST. JAMES'S BUDGET
(LONDON).
AN ILLUSTRATED REVIEW AND RECORD OF NEWS.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL PAPER FOR
ENGLISH PEOPLE RESIDING ABROAD.
EVERY FRIDAY. SIXPENCE.

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

SOME SHORT OPINIONS OF THE PRESS :

"In every respect it is a credit to English pictorial journalism."—"Daily Telegraph."
"A better sixpenny worth is not to be found anywhere."—"Evening News and Post."
"Certainly nothing better of the kind has been produced."—"Star."
"An ideal production of illustrated journalism."—"Birmingham Gazette."
"A wonderful effort of modern journalism."—"Glasgow Evening News."
"A veritable *edition de luxe*. . . . Far superior to anything previously attempted in this line."—"Irish Times."
"A record of news superbly illustrated."—"Peterborough Advertiser."
"It is not equalled by any of the new illustrated papers."—"Public Opinion."
"The ST. JAMES'S BUDGET is now as near perfection as possible."—"Sunday Times."
"Several lengths ahead of all its competitors.'—"Staffordshire Advertiser."
"It is, in a fuller and more complete sense, an illustrated 'newspaper' than any of the pictorial weeklies can claim to be."—"Newcastle Daily Chronicle."
"Illustrated journalism has up to the present reached its highest point of artistic and literary excellence in the ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."—"Kendal and County News."
"Will hold its own against any of the illustrated weeklies."—"Piccadilly."

The ST. JAMES'S BUDGET will be sent direct from the Office to any part of India or the Colonies for 37s. per annum, including Postage. A Special Foreign Edition, printed on thin paper, can be supplied at 32s. 6d. per annum. *All* Subscriptions are payable in Advance, and should be addressed to H. E. MAYO GUNN, "St. James's Budget" Office, 15, Dorset-street, London, E.C.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exudative character, has been admitted by the world of medicine ; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, possesses greater therapeutic value than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had an insuperable dislike to, or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.
"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized ; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."
"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co. ; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES.
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.,

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 pr. ct.	Rs. 1,353
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,343
Bank of Madras	16,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,270
Commercial Bank of Ld. Mge	15,000	190	{ 100 paid 75 paid	10 p.c.	172
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	160,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	89
Chartered Bank of Hongkong and Shanghai	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£27
Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	61-56.	244 to 45
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£17½	6 pr. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	20	630
Angio-Indian	1,345	100	100	Nil	42
Bellary S & W Co, Ld (Bellary)	871	90	all	9 per ct.	38
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	33	750 xd
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	900	500	500	30	520
Bombay Nationa Manfg. Co, Ld	500	1,000	1,000	...	710
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	1,000
Central India	1,000	500	500	60	1,525
China Mills Co Ld	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	710
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	900
Dalmiabare S and W	1,000	100	100	...	11
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	25	675
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	25 lettals	675
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.5	625
Currimbhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000	40	750
David Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.125	1,301
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	42
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25	565
Framjee Petit	1,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	53
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	30	700
Hingangh at Mills	700	500	500	40	86
Howard and Buloughs	1,500	300	300	25	280
Hydershah	700	1,000	1,000	35	1,301
Imperial Cotton	900	500	300	dvd Rs.30	492
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,225 xd
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.35	600
Jam Shree Mills	1,100	500	500	25	574
Jaffar Ali	600	500	500	Nil	255
Jamshedji Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10	190
Jowra Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	1,049
Jubilee Mills Co, Ld	800	1,000	1,000	30	375
Kamdhenu	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs.30	770
Khatau Makanjee Manfg. Co	40	250	250	Nil	903
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.45	800
Leopold	2,000	100	100	dvd Rs.10	258
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	945
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,051
Madhavji United	396	1,000	1,000	100	3,125
Mahalaxmee	800	1,000	1,000	N	200
Mahboob Shah Mills (G ci burgh)	3,400	500	500	15 per ct	1,000
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs100	2,310
Maruchi	8,000	250	225	dvd Rs 6	155
Morarji Goculdas	3,950	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 7	2,225
Myrem S & M Co Ld	4,000	{ 250 50	dvd	41	...
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	94
National	1,200	1,000	1,000	110	1,450
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 9	433
Oriental	6,725	625	625	Rs 22½	420
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	40	1,400
Queen Mill	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	720
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,000 xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	1,240
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	100	1,225
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	dvd 50	810
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	145
Southern Maharatta	1,312	250	250	vrls 12½	375
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	dv Rs 15	290
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	725
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	dvd Rs15	630
Sassoon and Alliance	2,000	50	500	dvd Rs30	840
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	500	50	650
Venkatesh Krishnaji Mahajan Co	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 14 x	225
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	710
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	200
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	900	1,250	1,250	75	137½
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	38
Albert (Kurlaonlee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	1,200
Bilary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	225
Bhownuggur City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	125	dv Rs12½	150 xd
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	150 xd
Broach City Press Co, Ld	600	200	200	12	199
Colaba	5,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs15	325 xd
East India	350	1,000	1,000	75	1,250
English Press and Manfg	400	250	...	dvd Rs 6	84 xd
Fort	156	5,000	500	25 to 40	974
French	800	500	500	dvd Rs30	500
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	30	43
Himgoll Press Co, Ld	700	100	100	dvd Rs11	100
Khangaum	240	450	450	Rs10	475
Mahuva Press	300	300	all	15 pr. ct.	230
Madhapura Cotton Gand P Co, Ld	200	500	500	53	974
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs 4	400
Mofussil Co	2,125	400	400	Nil	355
Mukund Mills	1,000	250	250	15	315
New Borar	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs30	315
New Indian	4,000	125	125	dvd Rs 9	1361
Printers of Wales	100	500	500	25	475
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	48
Sassoon	800	500	500	20	68
Shah and Punjabi Co	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,250
Standard	400	2,000	750	50	839
Sorabh Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	91
Surat City Press Co, Ld	310	300	all	12	210
Vakaari	...	1,000	1	dvd Rs65	1,135

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	7½	365
Back Bay Baths	500	50	30	12	40
Bachhan Pile	5,000	100	100	10	136
Bombay & Bengal Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	5,500
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	75	1,460
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co, Ld	1,375	100	100	dvd 14	58
Bombay Land and Building Co, Ld	400	500	500	5 pr. ct.	503
Bombay Press	725	500	500	50	1,000
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	1,051
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	100	100	1	210
Dehi Cloth & General Mills	9,800	25	250	8 pr. ct.	310
Italian Guarantee Bldg Co	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	173
Ship Assn	5,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	173
John Roberts	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	140
Kamani Co	4,000	200	175	21	354
Karachee Landing	800	500	300	30	203
Maharanee Manufacturing Co	3,500	100	100	Nil	...
Marcks & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	151
Nowrojee	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	90
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	6,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	155
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	4	104
Port Canning Co	8,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 2	495
Soundy & Co	1,000	150	150	20	1,000
Treacher & Co	2,000	500	25	60	1,050
Thacker & Co	1,500	100	100	12	128
Telenhone Co	9,000	20	100	dvd Rs1½	23

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Quar.	
G I P R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	3 p. c.	2,000
S.M. & C. Ry.	...	£100	...	do.	95

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Three-and-a-half per cent Reduced	104-14
Three-and-a-half per cent 1933	105
Municipal 3 per cent Debenture Loan	100
New French Loan 5 per cent, 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	nom.
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond	107

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereign		Rs. 17-8
Mexican Dollars		nom
Gold Five-Franc Pieces		25-12
Bar Silver		25-12
Gold Leaf		28-4
Bar Gold, English (100 touch)		27-11
Bar Australian		27-11
Bar Bombay		27-11
Bar Pekin		27-4

EXCHANGE

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 1 13-16 d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 1 13-16 d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight	1s. 1 7-32 d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 1 7-32 d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 1 29-32 d.
Do. Credits	3 Do. do.	1s. 1 29-32 d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 1 15-16 d.
Do. Documentary	3 Do. do.	1s. 1 15-16 d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 1 31-32 d.
French	4 Do. do.	1s. 16½ d.
Do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 17 d.
Colombo	At sight	100-4
Calcutta	At sight	100-4
Madras	At sight	100-4
Do.	60 days	do. 99-10
China	60 days	do. 183

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, Mild, and Emollient.—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet, and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creamy lathers. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists Stores, &c.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay First Extra Races (second day).
Marriage Provident Association, 32, Apollo Street, 3 p.m.
Balloon Ascent, Government House Grounds, Parel, 4-45 p.m.
Bombay Sailing Association's Races.
Bombay University: Results of M.A., L.C.E., and Previous Examinations, 3 to 4 p.m.
B. V. Rifles, Commanding Officer's Parade, 4-30 p.m.
B. V. A., Annual Gun Target Practice
The "Kinetoscope," 65, Esplanade, Road, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
Music at the Esplanade Banstand, 5-30 p. m.
Annual Dinner of the Nob'o Cricket Club, Sir D. M. Petit's Bungalow, Matoonga, 7-30 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Bombay Foxhounds meet at Parla.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Kilwa entered and the steamer Sabarmati left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Brindisi left the dock yesterday.

MUSIC AT THE RACES.—By kind permission of the Officer Commanding and the Officers the Band of the 1st Bn. B. B. and C. I. Ry. Volunteer Rifle Corps will play at the races, at Mahalxmi, this afternoon, at 4-30.

RELIGIOUS LECTURE.—A lecture will be delivered at the Church Mission Hall, Girgaum Road, this evening, at 6-30, by Mr. N. G. Vellukar, B. A. Subject: "The Religion of Man."

RELIGIOUS LECTURE.—A public lecture will be delivered in English, at the Hall of the Theosophical Society, 37, Hornby Road, Fort, to-morrow (Sunday), at 6 p.m. Subject: "The Views of an English Theosophist on the Zoroastrian Religion."

CARRYING EXCESS PASSENGERS.—Mr. J. Sander-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, convicted Captain A. F. H. Billett, of the s. s. Knight of St. John, for carrying over twelve passengers without a survey certificate, as required under section 4 of Act VII. of 1884, and fined him Rs. 50.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers will play the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-30 :—

March	The Arab's Farewell	Griffithe.
Overture	Zanetta	Auber.
Selection	The Lady Slave	C. Godfrey.
Valse	Zulrika	Florence Fare.
Fantasia	Shepherd's Life in the Alps	H. Klug.
Galop	The Tourist's	Freche.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BOOKSTALLS INCREASING.—We learn that Messrs. A. J. Coombridge and Co. have just opened a branch of establishment at Poona, where a bookshop has long been wanted, and trust that the Poona inhabitants will fully appreciate the same. They are also about to open a bookstall on the New Ballard Pier for the convenience of passe gers landing and embarking from or to the P. and O. mail steamers, sanction having been given for the stall by the Port Trust.

STABBING AFFRAY AT MANDVIE.—Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, disposed of the case in which Kanji Gulloo stood charged with voluntarily causing hurt to Trioam Poonsey, at Dongree Street, by means of a knife, on the 8th ultimo. The facts of the case have already been reported. Mr. Kapadia, pleader, appeared for complainant, while Mr. DeSouza, pleader, defended. Accused, who had already been in custody for nearly a month, was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

INFRINGEMENT OF THE ABKARI ACT.—Before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Clark, Abkari Inspector, charged a Native Christian, named Salvador Da Souza, a toddy-drawer, residing in an out cart, near the French Bridge, Girgaum, with selling two annas' worth of toddy to a certain man without a license from the Collector of Abkari. The accused was arrested on Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, in the act of selling toddy to a certain individual, whom Mr Clark had sent to him with marked copper coins to purchase toddy with, and these coins were found in his pocket. The accused pleading guilty to the charge, was fined Rs. 10, and the quantity of toddy seized was ordered to be confiscated.

COWARDLY OUTRAGE ON A MOTHER.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Amaram Bhuuja, a mill hand, residing at Parel, was charged before Khan Bahadur D. D. Karaka, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with causing hurt to his mother, named Maneckbai. The accused's wife having left him a few days ago, and gone to reside with her parents, Atmaram boarded at his mother's house. On Thursday evening, accused returned home in a worse for liquor, kicked his mother, and bit her left cheek, leaving some marks thereon. She was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, and after the injury was dressed, was allowed to go home. Accused stated that he received his pay on the day in question, and having gone on the spree with some friends of his, made free use of liquor and then went home quite drunk. He did not know what happened subsequently. He was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ACCIDENT AT A DRAINAGE EXCAVATION.—On Thursday afternoon, three labourers, named Rama Dhaku, Harry Ganoo, and Esoo Mahadoo, aged respectively 30, 29, and 25, were working at the bottom of one of the excavations on the Shepherd Road, in connection with the new drainage works, when the north side of the excavation suddenly collapsed, burying three of them under the earth. The first two labourers were extricated in a short time, and as they sustained no injury, they soon cenced working again, but the third man could not be so easily removed. The earth covering his head and body was found to be very heavy, and it was only after digging out one of his legs out, which could not be done for a couple of hours. When at last he was extricated, it was discovered that he had not sustained any fracture of the bones, but was suffering from severe shock. The man was removed on a stretcher to the J. J. Hospital, where he was attended to, and afterwards allowed to go home. The excavation in question was ten feet deep, and the labourers were working in it without its being shored up, which was contrary to the orders of the contractors.

FALSE AND MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Esmo Sulleman, a Mahomedan, appeared before Khan Bahadur D. D. Karaka, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, to answer a charge of making false complaint, preferred against him by Memon Jaffer Noorbhoomeah. Mr. Scully defended. The complainant stated that on the 30th August the accused and five other Mahomedans were arrested by the police on a charge of assaulting accused with sticks. They were subsequently charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, who, after recording evidence, found that the charge was false and malicious, and sanctioned the prosecution of accused. The complainant further stated that on the night in question, when the alleged assault took place, he did not meet the accused, had no conversation with him, and that he did not assault him. Superintendent Brown testified that at the time the alleged assault took place, the complainant was at his bungalow. The accused, in defence, stated that he might have met complainant at midnight, and the complainant and his comrades assaulted him. Complainant might have gone to Mr. Brown's bungalow prior to the assault. The magistrate convicted accused, and sentenced him to one month's rigorous imprisonment, and to pay a fine of Rs. 15, in default fifteen days' further imprisonment with hard labour.

PENALTY FOR MAKING A FALSE COMPLAINT.—On Thursday afternoon, Chuggan Purshotum, a Hindu, residing at Grant Road, reported to the police that a woman, named Deowalee, who was residing with him in his house, left home during his absence, taking with her a pair of silver anklets, of the value of Rs. 120, one gold finger ring, worth Rs. 40, and Rs. 24 in cash, from a box in his room. The police on the strength of this complaint instituted enquiries, and arrested the woman in a room on the Falkland Road, with the alleged stolen anklets on her person. The woman stated to the police that the anklets were her own property, and that she did not know about the gold ring and the cash. The police on subsequent inquiry ascertained that the statement was true, that the complaint made about the theft of gold ring and cash was false, and that the complainant was a keeper of an infamous house, and that he had given the anklets to the woman to wear during the time she stayed in his house. Inspector Saunderson placed the accused woman, yesterday, before Mr. Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, charging her with the theft of the above ornaments, belonging to the complainant. The magistrate, after recording the evidence convicted, complainant for making a false charge of theft, and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 50 with the alternative to suffer one month's rigorous imprisonment. The court further ordered that the whole of the fine, if recovered, should be given to the accused woman, as compensation. The pair of anklets were handed over to the accused woman.

A LAST WORD FOR FONSECA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have never been as thankful to any writers as to those of the Bombay Gazette and Times, which appears in a local paper of the 4th instant. He mercifully states that "Advantage has been taken of the silence of those who, convinced that all ra fair trial the unfortunate man has rightly been found guilty, do not wish from motives of delicacy to write on the subject and add to the pains of his relatives." I am at a loss to say whether such display of humanity is calculated to provoke laughter or the spleen. I was also made to believe that the "long existence was due" from motives of contempt." I am, therefore, not a little surprised to learn that the silence is due to delicacy. "Justice's" object in writing is not, he says, to enter into details of the case, but to challenge "Justice" to enter into details (I know it is a very delicate business), and I publicly aver that every argument of his shall suffer topsy-turvydom, if he has any argument at all to justify to the sentence of death which Fonseca has suffered like a man, who believes in the teachings of Christianity. One can understand the reason for constantly making use of the names of the poor widow and children of Dante. This is what we call in India the "kal-bagh" trick much practised in India by the medicant community of itinerant ministrels going by that name. The eleemosynary trick consists in carrying hired babies and engaging old women with pitiful faces to obtain undeserved alms. Fonseca also has an aged mother, a young wife, and an affectionate child, but he has never suggested that in his terrible trial their names should be coupled in any correspondence in his behalf with the object of exciting pity. I again challenge "Justice" to do me the favour (if, of course, he does not look upon me as too contemptible an antagonist to deal with) of coming forward with arguments, for one is perfectly fired with elaborate lectures on the horrors of strychnia poisoning and learned formulæ in accordance with which a dastardly murderer ought to suffer death at the hands of a civilized Government. If "Justice" is really sincere in his convictions, let him give his name as I do.—Yours, &c.,

Dec. 6. A. B. FONSECA.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—The annual distribution of prizes to the successful students of the New English School, Bombay, and the Noolan Marathi Vidyalaya, Bombay, took place, on the afternoon of Sunday last, the 1st instant, at the school premises, Agnihotri Wada, Fanaswady, Rao Bahadur Ithal kerrao Balcrishnajee Pitale, J.P., presiding. There was a large gathering of gentlemen, who were accommodated in the spacious hall, which was tastefully decorated, and no pains were spared by the school authorities to give eclat to the occasion. Among those present were: Rao N. M Sirdar, J.P., Rao Bahadur P. K. Modi, J.P., Messrs. V. K. Wandekar, J.P., R. B. Malaji, J.P., Damodarrao B. Pitale, Harishchandraji Shamrao, Translator, High Court, Balcrishnarao Bhaskerrao Pitale, G. R. Chandorkar, B.A., K. M. Ghode, B.A., LL.B., P. M. Tripat, B.A., S. Y. Deshpande, B.A., LL.B., D. N. Vaidya, B.A., LL.B., P. P. Mascarenhas, B.A., Simon Benjamin, Laximanrao Madhavrao, S. D. Pade, Page, W. N. Madan, J. K. Vagal, B. T. Ranlit Varma, B.K. Raghunathji, K. M. Pitale, G. R. Karaik, Joseph Solomon, C. Antone, R. Thomas, D. Rozario, K. R. Pitkar, Venayekrao B. Pitale, N. G. Kirloskar, V. B. Natu, K. P. Jogalekar, Nathuram D. Pitale, G. N. Kanadkar, and a large number of the friends of the pupils and their parents. The annual report on the year's proceedings were opened with a solemn prayer by Mr. Chandrakant Dalia, and then the anniversary Jayanti-day (birthday) of this Hindu Triumvirate. The sums were successfully realized. Mr. Chandrakar, Superintendent of the Sch ols, read the English report, and Mr. Jogiekar, the Marathi report, as follows:

The New English School, Bombay, is not a newly opened institution. It is merely reorganised and put on a sound footing. The school had already been in existence for upwards of eight years. In proceeding with the history of the work done and the present condition of the school, it may not be out of place to review briefly its old state. A private school was first opened in 1883 on a small beginning, by Messrs. S. G. Kulkarni and B. K. Gokhale, with the object of teaching boys the c English standards, in one year. They well succeeded in this attempt, and when thus encouraged they passed the fourth, fifth, and the sixth standard classes in succession. Out of other experienced teachers in the following three years. They simultaneously opened the Public Service Class, which invariably fully maintained the credit it had obtained, and the number of successful Students from this class every year continued to be larger than any other school in Bombay. In 1891 the Matric and U. S. F. classes were added, and two competent graduates were selected to teach them. The number on the roll of the school rose to nurse hundred and fifty, and the year was one of peculiar prosperity in the annals of the school. From 1892, however, the number of boys began sliding, the decline began to be felt in 1893. The then proprietors still continued the Matric and the U. S. F. classes for four years more, in spite of considerable difficulties and pecuniary loss. From these causes, only three pupils were sent for the Matric and U. S. F. Examinations with fair results. But early in 1894, the fall was so enormous, that it was considered necessary, to close the sixth and the seventh standard classes for a time. This sudden collapse was naturally due to the springing up of other schools in the same locality. Since last year, the proprietorship and management of the school changed hands, and passed to a society, styled "The New English School Society." This society retained classes to the fifth standard, and it commenced its work with systematic energy and due regularity. Hitherto secular education was only imparted in consonance with sister academies. Since the commencement of the school, however, moral and religious instruction has been introduced as a part of the regular school curiculum. A systematic study of texts chosen from Bhagwat Gita, on which a lecture is generally given weekly on every Saturday, is duly attended to. The number of boys at the end of year, viz, the year under report was one hundred and twenty-five. The e were periodical examinations, but when about one in October in t was conducted by graduates one was met with the school, at the request of the society. It may be observed here, with no small degree of satisfaction, that the examiners were pleased both with the progress of the pupils and the general management as well as the efficiency of the school. Their remarks and suggestions encouraged the society to open the sixth standard class again from the 1st ultimo. The teaching staff, at present consists of one graduate, three matriculated, one U. S. F., and two non-matriculated assistants. Many respectable gentlemen of dombay paid occasional visits to the school by request, and they were all satisfied with the way in which it was conducted. The society has also started a primary school, called "The Noolan Marathi Vidyalaya, Mumbai" from Jan., 1895, as an adjunct to the English seminary. Marathi is taught in the 5th Marathi standard. Here there are one hundred boys and twenty-two girls in separate divisions. The aim in establishing the school was, that it should be a feeder to the English department. In the Marathi portion there are as yet only two classes. The present staff of both schools for their self-sacrifice and zeal, and the present efficiency attained may be mainly ascribed to their untiring duty. On account, therefore, of this school has had several vicissitudes of fortune during the eight years of its trying existence. It had to flout against rocks and shoals, and I am glad to find that, while bravely combating against storms and hurricanes, it has steered clear, after all. This good result is a vivid illustration of perseverance in the promotion of private educational enterprises. The multiplicity of schools, though private enterprise, in city of Bombay, is looked by some as a healthy augurs for the future of India. It is almost impossible, nay, impracticable, that the education of the masses could be undertaken by the State alone, even under the present benevolent rule. Supposing this could be effected, yet, I am sure, it will not redound to the credit of this go-ahead first capital city in the empire. Government, missionary and other eleemosynary institutions can at best be only the pioneers to set examples for imitation. In Europe private enterprise in this direction is now quite a success, and not mock institutions. There is now no civilized country which has not willingly borne its proper share in sending out abroad educational missions, for the intellectual advancement and welfare of mankind generally. (Cheers.) I congratulate the Bombay New Education Society and the teaching staff for the steady, though, of course, somewhat slow, progress, and the admirable efficiency this school is securing for itself in spite of many serious difficulties, it unfortunately had all along to cope with. This reflects great credit to the self-sacrifice, perseverance, praiseworthy zeal, and energy of the parent society. Indirect and frequent changes in the recognized system of education tell seriously, equally on the principle of progress and the general culture of mankind, and interfere with individual improvement. The New English School, Bombay, is, however unique in the rapid lean it has taken by the introduction of a formulated course of additional and supplemental study in moral and religious instruction, which is incorporated with the regular secular standards curriculum. (Hear, hear.) This new departure is an lubly opportune and just in time. (Cheers.) I do not wish to enlarge here on this all important subject at this very late hour, but would reserve my remarks for another opportunity. I very much regret to observe, however, that many of our good friends with academical distinctions and Government honours are painfully unaslfest signs of no special training in this line. The St. Xavier's College and School were established more than thirty years ago, yet they have no more than eleven hundred pupils on their roll, while in this infant institution, only eight years old, there are nearly three hundred students. This, I believe, is an indication of the measure of success this society has achieved in a comparatively short time against great odds. (Cheers.) I view this with great satisfaction, and heartily congratulate the management for it. I also congratulate the prize boys, who have won their "buxis" to-day for exemplary conduct. Their recitation, dialogues, singing, pronunciations, etc., are upon the whole creditable to the n. I wish them all their disappointed fellow companions good luck, every success, and prosperity in t e future. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, we have heard the report en l with a short but earnest appeal for public patronage. A speaker strongly recommended appeal to public for pecuniary aid, and another emphatically deprecated this course. No doubt "Help yourself and God will help you" is true. But the patronage sought here is also businesslike. The society solicits parents and guardians to send their children and wards to this seminary. I cannot, therefore, put a deeper impress on your generous minds than by again placing this matter before you for immediate and sympathetic consideration, while willing to thanks with thanks tendered for your acceptances in the report for your presence at this interesting meeting. (Cheers.) One speaker did not suggested that physical education should be attended to and preference given to female education, even at the risk of neglect to the boys' school. This sounds well enough in a passing speech. Surely, Rome was not built in a day, and the proverbs a many will take a note of this advice offered. Before I resume my seat, I wish to refer to the reported regretful incident in a sister institution—I mean, the "Sharada Sadan" in Poona—(hisses, and cries of no, no),—where more than a dozen young girls, probably irresponsible beings, have changed their faith, and publicly to express my strong condemnation at this ominous procedure, and in this light I am sure, you will all join me (cries of certainly). I shall be more for the sake of sure this once promising institution has taken, as I was one of those who recommended it for support, when the "Sadan" had a local habitation. I have already, gentlemen, inflicted too long a speeches on you—(No, no),—and detained you here this afternoon for full three hours. I will, therefore, stop here, and will not repeat the views, I have already expressed in my Marathi speech on other burning educational questions, in addition, to prosperity and long life to "the Bombay New Education Society" and their schools, and invoke Divine blessings on them. (Loud applause.)

At the conclusion of these two effective and weighty speeches, which though their delivery occupied a long time, were listened with close attention. Mr. Dalvi proposed the usual vote of thanks to the chair, and requested the large gathering to carry by acclamation the proposition, which was seconded by Mr. Wandekar. Mr. Dalvi proposed the resolution in a highly complimentary and eulogistic manner, taking a rapid survey of the public characters of R. B. Pitale, who is also a big-hearted gentlemen him and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ranade at public meetings many years ago as clever and excellent debaters. His spoke with vehemence on the necessity of the Hindus of the present day, and Poona, and agreed with the chairman in the necessity of establishing more female schools and institutions for physical exercise. This resolution, which is incorporated with the regular secular standards curriculum. (Hear, hear.) This new departure is an lubly opportune and just in time. (Cheers.) I do not wish to enlarge here on this all important subject at this very late hour, but would reserve my remarks for another opportunity. I very much regret to observe, however, that many of our good friends with academical distinctions and Government honours are painfully unaslfest signs of no special training in this line. The St. Xavier's College and School were established more than thirty years ago, yet they have no more than eleven hundred pupils on their roll, while in this infant institution, only

DIVINE SERVICE.

SECOND SUNDAY IN ADVENT, DECEMBER 8.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Tours in F.—Hymns 48, 313 and 176.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. A. H. Bowman.
Hymns 81, 243 and 53.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Bunnett.
Daily Matins at 8-45 a.m. and Evensong at 4-15 p.m.
Daily—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Celebration.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.
(Cathedral Mission Church, Colaba.)

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Matins (Parish Service) and Sermon.—Hymns 47, 49 and 294.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral) and Sermon.—Anthem "Hosannah in the Highest."—Hymns 243 and 52.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.
(Near the John Connon School.)

10 a.m.—Service at Parel Hill.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible classes.
6 p.m.—Evening Service—Hymns 3, 385, and 303.
Psalm 34, Chant 241.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art.)

Incumbent.—Rev. C. Gildor.
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 1, 243 and 317.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon—Special subject, The Offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7 a.m.—Matins.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Hymns 51.
11 a.m.—Litany, Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 51 and 321.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by Rev. C. Mayhew.—Hymns 53, 217 and 203.
The Sermon, to-morrow morning will be preached by Rev. C. K. Nairne.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Plain).
7-45 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Sung) with Sermon by the Rev. Fr. Krishnan.
9 a.m.—Children's Service.
10-45 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. Fr. Tovey, S.S.J.E.
Alms for general expenses.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, and Sermon by Rev. A. R. Bowman.—Hymns 1, 217 and 66.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, and Sermon by Rev. W. G. Peel.—Hymns 61, 67 and 66.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCHES.
(Colaba Causeway.)

11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. J. A. Walker.
Byculla (Victoria Gardens.)
9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. J. H. O'Brien.
All seats free. Everyone welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES
BOWEN CHURCH, APOLLO BUNDER.

7 p.m.—Holy Communion.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sermon by Rev. H. A. Crane.
GRANT ROAD CHURC

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows: Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

CHATELAINE WATCHES.—Magnifying Crystal Ball Watches, visible movements, Silver Ring and Chain, very handsome ornaments. Complete with Safety Pins, Rs. 40.—MARCKS and Co. Ld., Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJI PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

MAKE YOUR OWN SODA WATER at less than 2 annas per doz. The SIRDAR'S CARBONIC ACID INVENTIONS SYNDICATE Co., Limited.

CLEARANCE SALE.—Tweed and Flannel Suit, Complete, for Re. 17, as HAJEE JHAROON EBRAHIM and Co., 38, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, for one month only.

FOR SALE.—A batch of Hungarian BLOOD HORSES, will arrive in a few days. They were selected during a tour in Hungary by an experienced local gentleman. Apply "N," care of this Office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.—A good sound going CONCERN. Present Proprietor after working it successfully for 17 years is desirous of Retiring. Capital required about Rs. 15,000. Apply "EUROPEAN," care of this Office.

PATENT BONZALINE BILLIARD BALLS.—We recommend these specially during the Hot Season, as they are not liable to Crack or Warp as easily as real Ivory ones, and are only Half the Price. Sole Agents:—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

MAJOLICA FLOWERPOTS. Pedestals, Jardinieres, Flower Vases, etc., in large variety.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, 99, Esplanade Road.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Just to hand, all the Latest Novelties for our 'XMAS BAZAR every requisite for 'Xmas Tree,at Cheapful Prices.—SHROFF BROTHERS, Hornby Row, Fort.

DANTRA'S Pure Ground MOCCA COFFEE, per lb. Re. 1-4. This Coffee is Daily roasted and ground from Genuine Mocca Berries in the latest pattern Closed Cylinder by experienced hands under our Own Supervision, immediately packed in Air-tight tins, the fine Aroma is preserved. Its unrivalled purity, freedom from any adulteration richness in flavour, full strength, and uniform quality distinguish it from other Coffees sold in the market. The daily increasing demand it has obtained since its introduction is a distinct proof of its superior quality and moderate price.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

AS 1895.—BOOTS and SHOES for Ladies, Gents, and Children of the Best Makes and Latest Prices, could be had at A. H. SULLIMANJEE Nos. 1 and 2, Crawford Market.

SALE of Mr. H. Watson's Valuable Furniture, Piano, Harmonium, Guns and Rifles, Victoria, E. Buggy, Garden, Books, &c., TO-DAY, at the Waterworks' Bungalow, Byculla.

BAY valuable Scotch Tan Black Collie Dog, fully grown, will be SOLD TO-DAY, at 2 P. M., at Watson's Sale, Waterworks' Bungalow, Byculla.

UNFURNISHED HOUSE or BUNGALOW, WANTED on Malabar or Cumballa Hills or Fort. Address, stating terms, to "H.," care of this Office.

WANTED, at once, for the OFFICERS' MESS, 1st Worcester Regiment, Aden, a First-class COOK. Terms, Rs. 100 per month, including Passage paid both ways. Apply, with Copies of Testimonials, to MESS PRESIDENT, 1st Worcester Regiment, Aden.

WANTED, a Hindoo MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, for the Pandharpur Municipal Dispensary, Salary Rs. 124 and Quarters. Three months' probation. Apply to PRESIDENT, Pandharpur Municipality, stating qualifications, &c.

WANTED, PUPILS to LEARN either English, French, or German. Terms, 20 Rupees a month, Six Lessons weekly. Apply "LINGUIST," care of this Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

TRY OUR ICES.—The Most Delicious Cream Ices. Two kinds every day. Orders for Moulds executed at Shortest notice, and sent to any part of Bombay. Reduced Rates.—FELICE CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, 83, Medows Street, Bombay.

INDIAN ART WARES, for SALE at the PRAY ART WORKSHOPS, near the Crawford Markets, Show-room, open daily.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have stayed at this Hotel for five days, and during that time I have received every attention to myself, wife and three children. The food was excellent quality and plenty of it, and the charges are very moderate. I can highly recommend the Hotel to any one requiring a comfortable home, good food and attendance at moderate rates.—W. LEYS, S.M. Calcutta N. Volunteers.

MATHERAN, RUGBY HOTEL Matheran.—Is the most comfortable and by far the best situated Hotel in Matheran. The Gymkhana, the Tennis and other places are close by. The Rooms are bright, airy and commodious and open to westerly breeze. Terms moderate.

MATHERAN.—GRANVILLE HOTEL is the nearest to Gymkhana, Narel Station, Church, &c., and situated on the highest Spot. Commanding extensive view. Now open for Visitors.

TAYLOR'S FAMILY HOTEL.—Near Byculla Railway Station—One of the Best in Bombay.—First-class Table. Best of wines and spirits supplied. Complete suites of apartments, airy and comfortable. For Terms apply to the MANAGER.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, Made and kept ready.—Chuckla, No. 6.

CLEARANCE SALE of Best Manilla Cigars, Per Box of 100 each Rs. 5-12, 3-12, 3-8, and 3-4. Less 25 Discount. PEARSE and CO., Sirdar's Palace, Fort, Bombay.

TURNOUT FOR SALE.—BROWN ARAB GELDING, 14-2½, good jumper, ridden by a Lady, smart trapper; also DOG-CART (with removable hood) by Stephens, Lamps, Set brown leather Harness. Price Rs. 250. Apply "X," care of this Office.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 2 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Book-sellers and Rail way Terminus.

GODOWN TO LET, in Armenian Lane, below "Bombay Gazette" Printing Works. Apply to "B. R." care of this Office.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly, Rs. 6; Quarterly, Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay in the Mofussil, postage extra.

MADAME LENZ, Professor of Languages, from Paris, wishes to give LESSONS in French, German, English, Spanish, and Italian, under a short and practical method, either at Pupil's own residence. Terms on application. An Evening Class from 6 to 10 P. M. (Rs. 5 per month). Highest References. Apply to "N B," care of this Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1-2. Postage Annas 4.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-Major A. S. G. Javakar, Civil Surgeon, Mussot, says it—I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success. Surgeon W. R. Reporter, 19th Regiment:—We have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious, &c., &c. C. Groomgrass, Esq., Contractor, Tanna W. Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. R. Grindle, Esq., in charge Tunnels, Gollkara:—I consider it a marvel. Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—It is a sure cure for malarious fever. P. J. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drops. Send your Orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Worli, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co.; THEACHER & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co.; and DANTRA & Co., at Re 1.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the Fall Mail Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs 12 per year, free of Postage English Subscription, Rs. 16 per year, including Postage.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business, 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

FORMS of POWER of ATTORNEY, Neatly printed. Price, 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

COST 6 Pence for Repairing in 16 years, is the Certificate given by Mr. E. A. Wakefield, of Nottingham. What a blessing to have a SINGER SEWING MACHINE in preference to German Imitation Machines sold at cheap prices in India.

PRESENTS, suitable for Weddings, Birthdays and Xmas. Claret Jugs, Biscuit Boxes, Gongs, Egg Services, Wine Pitchers, etc.—R. DITMAR, 99, Esplanade Road.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice, Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, Apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.

(OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.)

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for local and Up-country constituents. Horses shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15) and double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra. Horses standing on Commission Sale, or for treatment—

	Rs. a
At Livery, including Syce, per mensem	35 0
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17 0
Examination and Certificate	10 0
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5 0

Crushed Horse food, best in the market, per cwt. Rs. 4-12-0. Special mixtures, Crushed Oats, Bran, etc., supplied.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC intending to see Professor VAN TASSELL'S GRAND BALLOON ASCENT, in the Grounds of Government House, Parel, on SATURDAY next, are informed that all Carriages will put down and take up near the West Gate of Government House, on the road leading from Parel Station to Government House at a point known as "Chamar Bagh," and will be parked along the Dadar and Bhoiwada Roads. The South or Bombay Gate and the road leading to it from the Lowji Wadia's Dispensary, will be open to foot passengers only.

The return route will be from the point where the Carriages take up along the Supari Bagh and Parel Roads.

No Carriages will be allowed to cross from the Parel Tank Road to the South Gate of Government House.

Between the hours of 5 and 8 P.M. no Carriages will be allowed to proceed South by the Dadar Road or along that portion of the Bhoiwada Road which lies between Supari Bagh Road and the turning leading to the North Gate of Government House.

Between the hours of 1 and 8 P.M. no Labour Carts will be permitted to proceed along the undernamed Roads:—

Parel Road (Kalbadevi) from the Money School.
Parel Road (Mumbadevi).
Parel Road (Bhendy Bazaar).
Parel Road (Byculla).
Parel Road (Chinchpoogly).
Supari Bagh Road.
Dadar Road to the Junction of Naigaum Cross Road.

R. H. VINCENT,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 5th December, 1895.

JULIUS BLUTHNER LEIPZIG.

THE BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES ARE THE MOST PERFECT PIANOS IN THE WORLD.

THESE Pianos are specially built to withstand the Climate of India, the wood used being solid and the most seasoned, while a solid Iron frame extends over the wrest block.

Though LOW PRICED, these HIGH-CLASS instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation of Western Civilization. The Factory is the largest in Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Piano, every year, or one Piano in every working hour of the day.

These Pianos have also a grand reputation for EXCEPTIONAL SWEETNESS and RICHNESS of tone, their perfect and never-failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as any other Pianos, is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents.

JULIUS BLUTHNER is the "Holder of 15 Patents" and "Distinctions." Their Aliquot Pianoforte has been patented throughout Europe and America.

Pianos by the above maker are received monthly by the SOLE AGENTS, and they are offered at Manufacturer's Prices "plus" freight.

The Sole Agents invite Inspection of these superbly Grand, Rich and Brilliant-toned Pianofortes.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA AND BURMAH,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

SUB-AGENTS: Messrs. BEVAN & Co., Calcutta.

DR. U. L. DESAI, B.S., M.E., Vict., England, M.D. Belge,

SPECIALIST ON DISEASES OF THE BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEM.

TREATS all forms of Mental Diseases, Epilepsy, Vertigo, Insomnia, Hysteria, Chorea, and Paralysis of Cerebral or Spinal Origin

Hours of Consultation, 2 to 5 p.m.

MARKER'S NEW BUILDINGS,
57, Apollo Street, opposite Share Bazaar, Bombay.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS

(Opticians to the Principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India).

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. the VICEROY & GOVERNOR-GENERAL of INDIA
GENERAL LORD ROBERTS;

H. E. LORD WENLOCK, GOVERNOR of MADRAS.

ASTIGMATISM is due to the want of perfectly corresponding symmetry of curvature in the refracting parts of the eye in certain directions. Many persons after failing to obtain glasses to improve their defective vision up to the normal standard, from Goldsmiths, Chemists, or other vendors of spectacles, have resigned themselves to the conviction that further improvement is unattainable. In the majority of such cases ASTIGMATISM would probably be found on proper examination, and the addition of a positive or negative cylinder of the right power at the required angle would confer a delightful revelation. With ladies particularly, astigmatism is often the unsuspected cause of distressing disturbances of the nervous system that entirely disappear when it is corrected by suitable glasses. The necessary lenses, either simple or compound cylindrical, can be manufactured at either of our Factories in India. We are thus enabled, not only to prepare the spectacles within a reasonable time, but to give great attention to the exact adjustment upon which successful results depend.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.

TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,

NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON."

A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.

INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.

PASSAGES booked by all Lines of Steamers.

All AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions of Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.

FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to three, six, and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at Rates to be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.

REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over.

Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short period granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.

GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.

REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible. Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three-quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA,

American Dentist,

No. 5-67, ESPLANADE ROAD.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

BY means of the Gold Bridge system I now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the Mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Reliable and Serviceable.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"

is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried,

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness dizziness of the eyes, &c. being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY. Rs. 1-4-0. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home, and good Library. Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C. P." Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

HAND-BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta and other Guarantees and Rights with an Introductory Account of the Settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha, and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay; The Gujerat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE..... Rs. 6.

Packing and Postage extra.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 6.

N the absence of stimulating advices from the other side, business here remains very slow in all directions. Cotton, which continues to arrive here in quantities much in excess of last season's receipts in the same time, has been dealt in to only a small to moderate extent, both by exporters and the Local mills; while in the Wheat and Seed markets there has been a continued lack of animation. Exchange has been mostly quiet but steady, with latterly an upward tendency in rates, our closing quotations being 1-32d. to 1-16d. higher than those which ruled last Friday evening. The demand for Money continuing to increase, the Bank of Bombay raised its rates by one per cent at the beginning of the week. Government Paper has declined 15-16 per cent. Freights are dull, and quotations close about 6d. to 1s. per ton lower than last week's rates for forward loading. In the absence of the demand usual at this time of the year, only a moderate business has been done in Imports, but prices show, generally, no quotable change.

MONEY.—Heavy withdrawals from Private Deposits last week, aggregating some 50¾ lakhs, and a decrease of 14¼ lakhs in Government Deposits at the head office, as shown by the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs issued on Monday, have been the principal cause of the diminution in the Bank's Cash Balance of 64¾ lakhs, compared with a falling off of 21¼ lakhs in the week preceding; but in Loans there was a small reduction; while the increase in Bills Discounted was but trifling, and even less than in the previous week, the net increase in trade requirements having been 50¾ lakhs, as against 33¾ lakhs in the previous return. Money was becoming less abundant daily, and with the requirements in connection with the cotton crop so much larger than is usual at this time of the year, an advance in rates of discount might be looked for ere long.

The above anticipation was realized on the following day, when the rates of the Bank of Bombay were advanced by one per cent., making the minimum stand at 5 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE opened steady last mail-day at 1s. 1⅞ to 25-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 7-8d. for three months' sight Credits. A moderate amount of the latter was placed, and Telegraphic and Demand were also done to a moderate extent at 1s. 1 25-32d. The market opened on Monday at 1s. 1⅞d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, a which the Bazaar and others took a fair amount; and for three months' sight Credits at 1s. 1⅞d; but rates receded 1-32d. all round, and later on improved again, and closed steady. Quiet in tone on Tuesday, the market opened at 1s. 1 23-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 27-32d. for three months' sight Credits. The latter having apparently been scarce, 1s. 1 13-16d. became practicable, and was done for a short time; and for Telegraphic and Demand rates hardened to 1s. 1¾d., with three months' sight Mercantile Bills done at 1s. 1 27-32d. to a moderate extent. The next day rates were firm with 1s. 1¾d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 1 27-32d. for three months' sight Credits. A little was done in Merchants' Bills, as well as in Telegraphic for ready and forward transfer, and the market closed steady. Bank Telegraphic and Demand were quoted yesterday at 1s. 1 25-32d., in a small way, and advanced to 1s. 1 13-16d., at which a fair amount was reported; and for three months' sight Credits the rate throughout the day was 1s. 1 29-32d., at which, however, nothing was done. To-day, rates opened quiet at 1s. 1 25-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and advanced to 1s. 1 13-16d., at which a moderate amount was reported to have been taken. For three months' sight Credits the ruling rate throughout the day has been 1s. 1 29-32d., the market closing steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand		1s. 1 13-16d.	per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic	1s. 1 13-16d.	"
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 1 27-32d.	"
Do.	4 do.	1s. 1 7-8d.	"
Do.	5 do.	1s. 1 29-32d.	"
Credits	3 do.	1s. 1 29-32d.	"
"	6 do.	1s. 1 15-16d.	"
Documents	3 do.	1s. 1 15-16d.	"
"	6 do.	1s. 1 31-32d.	"
France	3 do.	1'46¼	"
"	6 do.	1'47	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market opened last mail-day at 106 1-8 for Cash and the 2nd instant settlement, and 105 11-16 for the January Account, but declined to 106, and 105 7-16 in the three positions, respectively. On Monday Cash was quoted at 105 7-8 and the January settlement at 105 5-16; but the Cash price declined 1-8 percent., say, to 105 3-4, the Account rate having remained unchanged, and the closing quotations having been the same, in a quiet but steady market. On the following day the market was weak in tone, and prices did not show much movement, the opening quotations of 105¼ for Money and 105 for Account having been nearly maintained to the close, the Cash price only having receded 1-16 per cent. to 105 7-16. The market further declined on Wednesday, and rates, which opened at 105 5-16 for Money and 105 for Account, fell to 105 and 104 5-8 in the two positions, respectively, and closed at a further decline of 1-16 per cent. for Cash and the next Settlement. Yesterday rates were steadier, and after having opened at 105 for Cash and 104 5-8 for the January Settlement, advanced to 105 1-8 for Money and 104 13-16 for Account, having closed, however, 1-16 per cent. lower. This morning the market opened weak at 105 1-8 for Money and 104 13-16 for Account, from which rates declined to 104 11-16 to 104⅝ for the next settlement, at which prices there were at one time, strong sellers; but before the close there was a rally, and eventually quotations left off at 105 1-16 for Money, and 104¾ for Account.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is one per cent lower at 129. Port Trust Bonds are unchanged at 107.

SHARES.—Business in this market has been upon a very moderate scale this week on all lines, and in Cotton Mill Scrip the changes in our list this evening have mostly favoured buyers; while in Press shares the reverse has been the case. Compared with our quotations of a week ago we note an advance of Rs. 25 in Bombay Cotton, Mill Shares, of Rs. 20 in Western India; and of Rs. 10 in Alliance; while Sholapore have declined Rs. 25; Jewraz Balloo Rs. 20; Hyderabad, Oriental, and Queen, Rs. 10 each; Lukhmidass, Manockjee Petit, and Mazagon, Rs. 5 each; and Anglo-Indian, Rs. 2. In Presses Khangaon are Rs. 25 higher; English, Rs. 13¾; Volkarts, Rs. 10; and Bhownugger City Press, and Mercantile, Rs. 2½ each, while Sabapathy Bellary, have declined Rs. 5. In Miscellaneous shares Thacker and Co. have advanced Rs. 6; while Treacher have declined Rs. 5; and Kemp and Co. Rs. 2. In Banks, Bank of Bombay are Rs. 2½ higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—A moderate business only has been done in staple *Grey Goods* this week, notwithstanding that the Bazaar dealers are anxious sellers; but they find no buyers ready to take up large lots of goods, their enquiry being confined to present requirements. Stocks are moderate, and rates generally unchanged. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey-Red* and *Printed Goods* also only a moderate business has been done at current rates. Up-country buyers of *Locally-made Goods* are operating upon a small scale; and rates are barely maintained. The Clearances of *Imported Goods* from the Bazaar during the week have been about 3,600 packages, and of *Local Goods* about 1,700 bales.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been steady, with a moderate business passing; but prices are all unchanged. In the early part of the week, the market for *Local Spinnings* was firm to steady, and prices were maintained; but, later on, the weakness of the Cotton market has disheartened speculators, who have come out as sellers, and thus about 1-8 anna per lb. has been taken off from rates. This evening the market closed quiet at the following official quotations, the week's Sales having aggregated some 2,500 bales.

Twist.....	No. 6s Mule, As.	4 5-8	@ 4¾	per lb.
"	" 8s " "	4¾	" 5	"
"	" 10s " "	5	" 5 3-8	"
"	" 12s " "	5¼	" 5½	"
"	" 16s " "	5½	" 6¼	"
"	" 20s " "	6 1-8	" 6¾	"
"	" 24s " "	6 5-8	" 6 7-8	"
"	" 30s " "	7	" 7¼	"
"	" 40s " "	8	" 8¼	"

METALS.—There has again been no change in this market to chronicle. *Copper, Yellow Metal,* and *Iron* having all been in moderate request in a steady market and at last week's rates.

COAL.—Sales have been reported during the week of *Powell's Duffryn*, November shipment, at Rs. 19 per ton; and of *Wallace's Merthyr Cardiff* in the same position, at Rs. 18½, and for December shipment at Rs. 18 per ton; also of *Davison's West Hartley*, for December-January shipment, at Rs. 16¼; and for February-March at Rs. 16 per ton. The market closes firm. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley.....	*Nil.*
West do.	Rs. 18 per ton.
Australian	*nil.*
Powell's Duffryn...	Rs. 19 per ton.
Cardiff	Rs. 18½ "
Japan	*nil* "

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—The week's business in this staple has been at most upon only a moderate scale, both on account of exporters and local consumers, and prices have declined to the extent of Re. 1 per candy on most days, though the feeling, upon the whole, has been steady. The business done by shippers sums up about 4,800 bales, consisting mainly of ready new Oomrawattee descriptions, but including some contracts for Broach of the new crop, for March delivery; while the Mills have taken some 5,000 bales, made up of new Oomras and Bengal, and some old Dhollera-Bhownuggar kinds. This evening the market closed steady; but with prices Rs. 2 to [illegible] dy lower than they were a week ago. [illegible]pts of Cotton of the new crop into Bom- the past week have been 55,600 bales, compared with 47,550 bales to hand in the week preceding, and 9,000 bales in the corresponding week last year; and the total excess in Arrivals of new Cotton this year, as against last, is now 180,500 bales.

According to the official telegraphic weather and crop reports received on Monday morning, bright seasonable weather prevailed during the latter part of last week over the whole of the Cotton area, except at Delhi, in the Bengal circle, where there had been 20 cents of rain, and the weather continued showery. Cotton was arriving at the district marts of the Bengal and Oumrawattee circles; and the plants were flourishing and maturing rapidly in the Broach, Dhollera, and Dharwar circles.

With the exception of a few cents in three districts of the Bengal circle, no rain fell over the Cotton area since the beginning of the week; and the official telegraphic advices received yesterday reported the favourable news of the progress of the harvesting of the earlier growths and the maturing of the later ones in bright seasonable weather, arrivals of Wadhwan in the category of the latter being expected early.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal without Commission, viz.:—

Cotton—			Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	January	Rs.	195—3 13-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	"	"	179—3 5-32d.	
Do. Good	"	"	168—2 31-32d.	
Belaies, Fine	"	"	207—3 19-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	"	"	199—3 15-32d.	
Khandeish, Fully Good	"	"	199—3 15-32d.	
Donras, Fully Good	Jan.-Feb.	"	213—3 11-16d.	
Dhollera, Fine	May	"	217—3 29-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	"	"	216—3 3-4d.	
Do. Good	"	"	209—3 9-16d.	
S G Dharwar, Good	"	"	220—3 13-16d.	
Westerns	"	"	210—3 21-32d.	
Broach, Fine	Mch	"	215—4 3-64d.	
Do. Good	"	"	211—1-32d.	

The Arrivals of New Crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season. 1895-96.	Season. 1894-95.
	F. P. Bales.	F. P. Bales.
Bengals	75,000	2,500
Berar.....	70,000	11,500
Khandeish	53,500	6,500
Hingunghat	2,500	...
	201,000	20,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1893. Bales.	1894. Bales.	1895. Bales.
For the week	57,937	13,393	21,255
From 1st Jan. to 5th Dec.	1,637,159	1,380,792	1,635,318
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	29,239	90	216,739
From 1st Jan. to 5th Dec.	571,031	785,233	817,397
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	417	1,029	614
From 1st Jan. to 5th Dec	158,291	151,491	156,114

WHEAT has latterly been steadier in tone, and the volume of business passing for shippers' account from small, has become moderate; but prices have not varied, and we still quote as follows:—

White Pessy, 91 per cont....	Rs. 4-2-0	per cwt.
Do. do. 85 " ... "	4-1-0	"
No. 1 Club Delhi.....	" 4-0-6	"
Red Delhi	" 3-14-6	"
Hard Yellow	" 3-9-0	"
Red Ahmedabad	" 4-0-0	"
Hard Red.....	" 3-5-0	"

SEEDS.—In the earlier part of the week under notice, this market was quiet in tone with very little doing for export, while the price of *Linseed* declined an anna per cent; but meantime the feeling has been steady, and *Linseed* has recovered its previous decline, *Rapeseed* also advancing slightly, while *Gingelly* has given way 8 annas per candy, closing rates this evening being as undernoted:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-3-0 to Rs. 7-5-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat.	" 7-3-0 to Rs. 7-4-0	"
Do. do. Cawnpore	" 6-11-0	"
Do. Red	" 6-3-0 to " 6-5-0	"
Gingelly, White.....	" 39-8-0 to " 40-8-0	per cdy
Do. Mixed.....	" 38-0-0 to " 39-0-0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1895. cwts.	1894. cwts.	1893. cwts.
Wheat for the week	51,350	70,171	150,385
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December.....	4,775,017	3,423,715	6,493,660
Linseed for the week.....	12,386	23,414	55,931
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December	2,683,261	5,268,061	4,220,116
Rapeseed for the week...	5,691	22,522	10,978
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December 2,039,219		3,378,105	4,236,440
Gingellyseed for the week 81,990		83,351	95,817
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December	1,293,718	1,036,675	1,418,765

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the week	11,500	.....	80,664
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December.....2,469,501		1,555,048	4,335,208
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December 2,586,225		5,296,768	4,070,561
Rapeseed for the week...	40,997	2,001	79,867
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December.....1,909,334		3,214,611	4,103,067
Gingelly seed for the week	73,557	38,727	44,214
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th December.....1,300,520		993,753	1,310,210

GODHRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 23rd November, 1895 on 115·10 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	2,000	15,400	30	17,430
Or per mile of Railway	17	131	.....	151
For previous 20 weeks of half-year..	51,660	1,81,329	1,120	2,37,099
Total for 21 weeks...	56,660	1,95,629	1,150	2,54,499
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,008	20,721	21	23,751
Per mile of Ry. do.	26	180	.....	206
Total to corresponding date do.	24,581	78,095	424	1,03,100

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 6,321
Increase to date ..... " 1,51,399

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindia, Neemuch, Rewari-Ferozepore and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 23rd November 1895 on 1,573·94 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,23,000	2,50,000	4,000	3,82,000
Or per mile of Railway	77	149	2	228
For previous 20 weeks of half-year.	26,00,357	39,33,641	1,15,651	66,49,649
Total for 21 weeks...	27,23,357	41,83,641	1,19,651	70,31,649
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,21,028	3,07,070	3,337

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE TURKISH QUESTION.

NEW TURKISH AMBASSADOR IN LONDON.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Costaki Pacha has been appointed to succeed the late Rustem Pacha as Turkish Ambassador in London.

LORD ROBERTS ON THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Lord Roberts, speaking at a lecture on the Eastern Question at Dublin, said he rejoiced at the recognition of the fact that England occupied a Continental position in the East, where her interests must be protected by Continental means of defence. The policy of disregarding events beyond the North-West frontier of India was, he said, inapplicable to the present conditions of British occupation.

THE GUARDSHIP QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 5.

The Embassies have again addressed the Porte on the subject of the extra guardships.

The Diplomats here are strongly of opinion that the delays in granting their requests will not be tolerated much longer.

Said Pacha, who was recently Grand Vizier, has been ordered to reside in the Sultan's Palace, but fearing murder, took refuge in the British Embassy.

RESIGNATION OF A GERMAN MINISTER.

BERLIN, Dec. 5.

Herr Koeller, Home Minister, has resigned, owing to his having dissolved the Socialist Committees without consulting Prince Hohenlohe, the German Chancellor.

H. E. LADY SANDHURST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 6.

Her Excellency Lady Sandhurst leaves Mahableshwar, on the morning of the 10th instant, for Bombay.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

Surgeon-Major Lane is transferred from the Aden District to the Bombay District.

Surgeon-Captain Read is transferred from the Aden District to the Poona District.

With reference to G.O.C.C., No. 477, of 16th May, Captain Marriot, I.S.C., is attached to the 2nd Bombay Grenadiers for duty as Officiating Wing Officer, with effect from 15th May.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Bombay, is pleased to make the following appointments :—

5th Bombay Cavalry—Surgeon-Captain Sprague to Medical Charge, vice Surgeon-Captain Hojel, permanently transferred to the Civil Department.

23rd Bombay Rifles—Surgeon-Lieutenant Knapton to officiate in Medical Charge, vice Surgeon-Captain Jennings, employed temporarily in the Civil Department.

The Registers of the landed property referred to in the Adjutant-General's Bombay Army Circular, No. 256-5879, dated 16th June, will in future be kept up under regimental arrangements, and need not be submitted to the Deputy Adjutant-General, Bombay Command.

Under instructions received from the Horse Guards War Office, it is notified that Captain Wilson, on promotion to that rank from the 4th Field Battery, has been posted to No. 3 Company, Eastern Division R. A.

The undermentioned Officers have leave of absence :—

Commissariat Transport Department—Colonel Burton-Bennet, Commissary-General, Bombay Command, from the 7th December to 5th March, on accumulated privilege leave out of India, on half-pay.

Commandant, Deolali Depot—Lieutenant-Colonel Fitzherbert, 6 months, from the 10th November, on [illegible] certificate, out of India, with the approval [illegible]-in-Chief in India.

[illegible] Gordon, No. 21 Com- [illegible] 8 months, on private [illegible]

[illegible]ant Cleghorn, No. 28, [illegible]nths, on urgent private [illegible]

[illegible] [Barton, 12 months, [illegible]

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST KAMRISTAN.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

His Highness the Ameer has signified his intention of not attacking Kamristan until the commencement of spring.

General Gholam Haidar will be in sole command of the expedition.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES CHIEF COMMISSIONERSHIP.

Sir C. James Lyall has been appointed Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS

Home Department—Mr. J. P. Hewett is confirmed as Secretary, Home Department.

Military Department—Brevet-Colonel Rolland to be Quartermaster-General, Madras, vice Brigadier-General Cummins.

Lieutenant-Colonel Gilcrist to be a A.-G., Hyderabad Contingent, vice Major Westmorland.

Major Clothier, 27th M.I., to be A. A.-G., on the establishment, vice Colonel Grave.

Captain Aitken, 19th Bombay Infantry, to be D.A.A.-G., vice Major Phillips.

Major Michell is promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel.

Lieutenant H. E. Williams, 25th M. I., is permitted to resign the service.

Foreign Department—A. Williams, Under-Secretary, posted as First Assistant and Secretary for Berar, to be Resident, Hyderabad.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 5.

The Hall Line steamer Rufford Hall, from Karachi, arrived here yesterday evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firmer. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	3 7-8

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cent. Consols	101 11-16 ex.
2½ per cent. Reduced	101¼
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	118 ex.
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	99½
Bar Silver	30 5-8

The sum of about £125,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion, £44,800,000 ; increase, £4,700,000 ; public deposits, £7,800,000 ; increase, £930,000 ; other deposits, £50,400,000 ; increase, £900,000 ; other securities, £25,800,000 ; decrease, £300,000 ; notes and gold, £35,300,000 ; increase, £1,400,000. The Bank's reserve is 61 per cent. of the liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

DECEMBER 6.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted. Via Shanghai, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect, Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect, Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

A mear note interrupted near Khabarowka.

Reunion mail closes at Mauritius at noon Saturday, the 7th instant.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 6th December, 1895.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	6	6	12 p.m.	17	3
Teheran	6	2	21 p.m.	"	36
Suez	6	2	55 p.m.	"	12

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., of the 6th December, 1895.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	"	39	"	5
" Karachi	"	16	"	3
" Madras	"	20	"	1

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 5.

10 p.m.	76°

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6.

6 a.m.	72°
10 a.m.	79°
2 p.m.	82°
6 p.m.	82°

NOTES FROM LONDON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

By kind permission of the Duke of Westminster, K.G., the collection of pictures at Grosvenor House was open on Sunday to visitors, by tickets distributed by the "Sunday Society." The people who help to make life worth living on Sunday in our great towns deserve everyone's gratitude. I always think of them in conjunction with that admirable person in the scriptures who employed his leisure in burying the dead—even rushing out at meal-times to perform his gruesome self-imposed task. The man who helps to clear away the corpses of our dead past—unwholesome remains of puritanism—is a worthy follower of that early citizen philanthropist.

***

Grosvenor House carriage sweep, opening on Upper Grosvenor Street, was swept and garnished with that fresh yellow sand that dukes, earls, and livery stablemen affect as the highest effort at city carriage entrance elegance, for the coming of the crowd who are rising up year by year numerically stronger in righteous revolt at the imposition of them by the minority of a dull, monotonous, dispiriting unrestful Sabbath. It cannot be said that the interior of Grosvenor House as presented to the Sunday visitors was calculated to relieve that dull dispiritedness to any great extent. The Art Collection that we came to see was there of course. But it was a dark day—old masters, too, are dark, and in private rooms the hanging of pictures is necessarily second to the matter of family comfort. There is rarely enough take off to judge of them fairly, or there is a dazzling glint on the glass that prevents one seeing them if the room is well lighted.

***

Most of the collection has been on view at various times at the Winter Show of the Academy and other loan exhibitions, Guildhall, New Gallery, St. Yude's Whitechapel, and it was pleasant to renew one's recollections of the different masterpieces. There are some fine Dutch pictures, a couple of Hogarths, a lovely Vandyk portrait of himself, Rembraudt's portrait of a young man, a room with three large not very interesting works of Reubens, Sir Joshua Reynold's "Mrs. Siddons as the tragic Muse," Gainsborough's "Blue Boy," always charming to see again, and various early Italian Madonnas and St. Catharine's more or less fascinating and quaint.

***

It surprised every one to find modern arts so poorly represented and only one family portrait—the present Duchess of Westminster painted by Millais. It would not perhaps be good taste to hang the first wife beside her successor in office. She too was a beauty, and must have been painted of course. Probably she is waiting upstairs in some quiet room to form the nucleus, as collectors say, of a family portrait gallery by and bye. For the Grosvenors, though of course, seeming as long and respectable a pedigree as any of us, sons and daughters of Adam, are not an old family in the social sense—not old enough, anyhow, to have portraits of ruffled squires and armoured knights to hang up for the edification of curious and exacting bevy of Sunday Society visitors.

***

In one particular, the treatment of the portraits of people who have displeased, defied, disgraced the traditions of the Family, the Duke of Westminster carries out the fine old melo-dramatic style that we are accustomed to in plays and novels—turning the offender's face to the wall. Millais's painted a splendid portrait of Mr. Gladstone for the duke, and for years the G. O. M. looked down pleasantly and friendly on the comings and goings of the house of Westminster. But on the Home Rule Bill the Duke and the politician came to loggerheads—their friendship of a life was sundered, and Gladstone's portrait was turned with its face, like a naughty child's in disgrace, towards the wall. So it hung for some time for people to see how intense was the feeling of opposition in the Duke of Westminster's heart. Then he was offered a good price for the likeness—it was said to be Millais' *chef-d'oeuvre*—and he sold it. The old good feeling is, we are told, almost restored, but the fine picture is not likely to come back. It is too much prized by its purchaser.

***

So much for the pictures. The house itself is not particularly interesting, at least in the bedgown state in which it was thrown open for our reception. All the chairs were in night wrappers, the carpets were up, the pretty little trifles that give a grace to the simplest home were put out of harm's way. So that the great gold ornamented rooms looked like a lady who had gone to bed without taking off her rings, bracelets, and tiara—a costume that suggests wealth, but is not decorative or becoming. A few beautiful but not portable curios remained about, and shewed that some one there has a cultured taste. There are four magnificent Chinese jars topped by quaint, puckered, warted China pugs; there are delicate little cabinets made of marble, porphyry and gems; and there are several exquisitely dainty designs in clocks. One has a pendulum made of a ring five inches in diameter set with large brilliants, which sparkle as it swings to and fro. It is unnecessary to say that the brilliants are only rock crystal, or some such stone. They would not have been left otherwise to tempt the cupidity of Sunday Society visitors. But they are beautiful and bright, almost the only bright things, besides the gilded frames and cornices in the solid magnificence of the rooms. There were no flowers about. In summer time the garden, a precious little plot, bounded by Park Lane—must look brilliant and charming with flowers; but now it is a wind-swept desert. So with a glance at the old sedan chair in the hall we finished our inspection and gratefully gave up our catalogues.

***

As a lesson to others, less generous of their good things than the Duke of Westminster, I quote a poem by Louis H. Victory (Elliot Stock) :—

"The Garden of the Lord

A beggar paused outside the stately gates
That shut apart from public trespassers
The gorgeous gardens of an earthly lord;
And catching but a glimpse of lovely beds
Of richest blooms, he craved to walk a while
Amid their beauty, so that he might glad
His senses with their chaste exquisiteness!
He tried to enter, but a keeper came!
Exclaiming: "Hence! for men in raggedness
There is no entrance here! Do you not know
This is the garden of the lord?"
That beggar died, and to the golden gates
Of Paradise his soul in swiftness scared;
But at those dazzling gates his spirit paused,
In fear, lest it should be denied the joy
Of entrance, and of straying through the bowers
That, in undying bloom and fragrance, gem
The courts of Heav'n! But, lo! Christ came along,
Now clothed in sempiternal loveliness,
And called the beggar's radiant soul to dwell
For ever there. "Fear not, white soul!" He said,
"*This* is the garden of Lord."

***

What a very charming model Gainsborough's "Blue Boy" would be for boy pages at a wedding. The pale blue satin costume, shewing white silk in the slashed sleeves, blue knee breeches fastened with steel or silver buttons, blue silk stocking and low blue shoes, would look fascinating on any fair boy; and most boys are fair and fresh, if you take them at the right time before they get tanned or freckled in their holidays at the sea. Another style for a boy page—a very slight smallboy preferably in a white satin made like Pierrot's, baggy knickers and shirt and white waved silk *serre-tete*. I saw one for a boy of four, the daintiest little costume possible, and most becoming all but the cap, which is a little too grotesque for a wedding—covering the small head entirely, even the curls.

***

There seems to be a revival of the fashionable combination of black and white which prevailed in Paris two summers ago, but it is confined here now to millinery and adjuncts to costume such as vests, revers, gloves, and spats. A flower of decidedly gay tint relieves the mourning effect however usually of a black and white hat or bonnet. The trimming of the Queen is decidedly remarkable at the present moment. One style is an aggressively stiff bow made of a trinity of loops, set straight in front with a broad buckle of steel or nickle as a finish. Another design is after this plan. A pair of sturdy quill feathers of any colour stand erect over each temple out of a pair of gay tinted velvet rosettes—the intervening space in front having a band and buckle, or sometimes a little fall of lace on the brim. A third and more becoming style has a box pleated flounce or quilling of broad ribbon arranged in undulations round the crown, the intervals filled with sprays of flowers—violets or other little blossoms by preference.

***

Any sensible lady journalist who recognizes the value of the eight hours' labour limitation should strike at describing the present fashion in frocks. It is quite enough to try to get into or out of the muddle of overtrimmed bodices. It is more than enough to paddle about all day through London slush with six yards and yards of superfluous tweed to carry. The fashions, we are told, are set by Parisian actresses, who only put on these voluminous costumes for a couple of hours at most; while their imitators have to wear them throughout the day. This is an imposition the daughters of England might reasonably revolt against, and it looks as if it would come to a general dress war soon. Women have not tried cycling in divided skirts without finding out how fettered they are every day in full frocks. The result is that one sees numbers of prettily gowned women who apparently have solved many of the difficulty for themselves. They wear the wide gown with all the necessary silk and haircloth stiffening; but they wear no other skirts. One gets a glimpse as they go by of a dainty gaitered leg, and what in the prim, puritanical north of Ireland is expressed by "alien" and a deprecatory glance; but which here we now boldly and unblushingly acknowledge as tweed knickers.

***

We must expect, we are told, that as our political rights stretch, our social privileges will shrink. A New Zealandman at the theatre cried out pathetically to the womenfolk in the stalls whose large, fashionable head gear obstructed his view :—"Ladies now you've got the franchise, you might really take your hats off." But, like the Old Guard, the new woman dies but does not surrender, if she can help it. Lady Harberton, acting as chairman at the Pioneer Club on a recent debate night, reminded her audience that it was an unwritten law of the club that women as well as men should take their hats off at the meeting. But the ladies sat on covered with the sang-froid or obstinacy of an old guard or a quaker. One of the first businesses the Pioneer managers should tackle is the writing and confirming of the unwritten laws which are essential to the comfort of Pioneers as well as ordinary people.

***

Life is called a lottery, and marriage seems to be an additional little lottery like the "all prize" drawing given to purchasers of a book of tickets. Everyone is sure to get something, but not at all sure to like the something she gets. There is an illustration of such a draw reported by the *Daily Chronicle* from New York. A married lady, living in one of the smartest localities in New York, surrounded with every luxury and believing her husband to be a man of business, incorruptible, high-toned, prosperous, honourable, findsout now after twenty years' married life that his business is burglary. Several hundred thousand dollars worth of property secreted by this gentleman has been already dug up, and more is expected to be found. Wives always resent the secrecy of their husbands in private affairs, still perhaps it was never more wisely carried out than in this case. But it should be a lesson to men in *bona-fide* business not to keep their doings at their offices too closely in future from their lady partners, or they may be suspected of wilder and more desperate ways of piling up their profits than speculation on the stock exchange.

MR. BONNAR AND HIS COLLEAGUES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Our attention has been directed to an article in the *Contemporary Review* for October, on "The English in India," signed by the Rev. Mr. Bonnar, one of our fellow-missionaries, some of whose statements and conclusions we wish to disclaim as emphatically as possible. Our intention is not, at present, to reply to these statements of Mr. Bonnar seriatim, but simply to say that in this matter Mr. Bonnar speaks for himself alone, and that we dissociate ourselves from the adverse criticism to which he in his article subjects the members of the Political Department of the Government of India, so indiscriminately, and, as we think, so offensively. We wish to place on record our high sense of the invaluable aid and unfailing courtesy which we in social intercourse, and in the prosecution of our work, have received from the political and other officers in Rajputana, with whom we have been brought into contact, and our cordial appreciation of the high character and conspicuous ability which they have displayed in the fulfilment of their responsible duties to princes and people alike.

It has been a source of the greatest pleasure to ourselves to hear the warm expressions of esteem and gratitude towards such political officers to which on more than one occasion, both public and private, we have been permitted to listen, and we beg to say that such experience as Mr. Bonnar records has never fallen within our knowledge, though several years have spent as long a period as Mr. Bonnar, and one a much longer period than he, in the closest contact with all classes of the people.

With reference to the "breach" which we sorrowfully acknowledge to exist between the governing class and the governed, and which is due not to the causes which Mr. Bonnar alleges, but to the existence of the conditions of caste and religion, which dominate the lives of the Hindu people especially, we recognise with thankfulness that instead of increasing it is slowly diminishing We are quite at a loss to understand, therefore, what motive could induce Mr. Bonnar to make such statements, and emphatically declare that our own experience in no way coincides with his.

We presume that as men engaged in work which invites public attention, the members of her Majesty's services do not consider themselves exempt from public criticism, and as we claim fair and honourable and respectful consideration for ourselves, so we are prepared to accord this to all officers of Government; but we regretfully admit that such consideration has not been accorded in Mr. Bonnar's article to the members of either the Medical or the Political services.—Yours, &c.,

JAMES SOMMERVILLE, L.R.C.P., Ed., L.F.P.S., Gl.
G. MACALISTER, M.A.
JOHN TRILL.
J. HUSBAND, F.R.C.S.E.
W. SHOOLBRED, M.A., D.D.
ALEX. P. C. JAMESON.
JOHN WHITEHOUSE, M.B., C. M., Glas.,
Rajputana.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAILS.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ganges, Captain T. F. Creery, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Aden and Ismailia with the English mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Burns, Mr — Gibson, Hope Mr D
Donaldson, Mrs A — Lund, Mr G
Furr, Miss

FOR BRINDISI

Anderson, H A — Cobbold, Rev and Mrs F E D
Batt, Lt R C — Finnis, Major F
Bennett Col Burton — Littledale, Mr and Mrs
Cressor, Mr C — Radice, Mr and Mrs
Cudge, Surg-Major and Mrs H — Shilwell, Mr
— Weber, Mr and Mrs H

FOR ADEN.

French, Big Gen S A — Geddes, Capt J S
Gordhandas, G

FOR ISMAILIA.—Mr T Comyn Platt.

The following passages have been engaged :—

Per s s Caledonia, Capt W B Andrews, 14th Dec., 1895.
For Brindisi—Mr & Mrs A Bethell; Mr and Mrs Holmes and family; Mr and Mrs Sands; Mr C C Ellis, and Surg-Col Barry.
For London—Mr and Mrs C H Pearson.
For Marseilles—Mr and Mrs Bethell; Lieut and Mrs J B Strachey; Col J S Carruthers; Mr and Mrs Drake Brockman and two children; Mr and Mrs H T Dudley; Mr R Donaldson; Miss Dunlop Simpson; and Hon C E Smyth; Mrs Ramsey and family; Mr C P Whitcombe; Miss Whitcombe; Mrs Irons and 2 children; Mrs A Mansfield; Chaplain and mrs Tilbury; Mr and Mrs C Kenton; Mr Winkworth; Miss H R Lukwaye; Mr J M Twentyman; Mr C Campbell; Surg-Capt F R Ozzard; Surg-Major G Duncan; Mr J Berkley; Mr A Dass, Capt Holloway; Miss Willson; Mr Bothie; Gen. Sir H C Stewart; Mrs and Miss Stewart; Surgn-Major Mansfield; Mrs Manuel; Two Misses Maunsell; Mr and Mrs C C Shaw; Mr S W Shaw; Mrs Hunts; and Dr Benson and child.
For Ismailia—Mr and Mrs A W Stanford; Dr Taylor; and Mr Percy Smith
Per s s Surat, Capt W J Nantes, 21st Dec., 1895.
For Port Said—Mr Fredericks.
For Venice—Rev A K Nairne; Miss Nairne and maid.
For Ismailia—Mrs Stafford; Miss Young.
Per s s Peninsular, Capt R G Murray, 28th Dec, 1895.
For London—Mr M A Gardener.
For Brindisi—Mr & Mrs Daughtry Burgess.
Per s s Thames, 4th January, 1895.
For Brindisi—Mr and Mrs da Horn.
Per s s Oriental, Captain L H Lewis, 11th January 1896.
For London—Mr S S Antia; and Mr D Postonjee.
For s s Ganges, Capt T F Creery, 18th January 1896.
For London—Mr J E Martin
Per s s Caledonia, Capt W B Andrews, 25th January, 1896
For Marseilles—Mr T Holford, Colonel and Mrs Radford, Major R E D Reilly and Mrs Simpson
For s s Ganges, Capt T F Creery, 1st February, 1896.
For Brindisi—Mr and Mrs G S Bains; Miss Buxton; and Rev R J Roo.
Per s s Thames, Capt A Symons, 8th February 1896.
For London—Mr R B Bucklay; Mr Queripel, Miss and Master Queripel; and Rev and Mrs Barlow.
For s s Clyde, Capt H T Weichell, 15th February 1896.
For Ismailia—Capt and Mrs Scott; and Mrs Lewis.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—For the 'Xmas and Easter holidays, the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railway companies issue concession tickets at reduced rates to 1st and 2nd class passengers for long journeys, but they have not hitherto deemed it worthwhile to hold out the same concession to the 3rd class passengers for reasons best known to the authorities concerned. It is, however, unintelligible to find what led the authorities to show visible partiality to the former only, if the object aimed at be no other than to render indirect assistance to the so-called Europeans and Eurasians who number most in the former set of passengers. If, however, the Railway authorities are doubtful whether any appreciable gain can be secured by issuing concession tickets to the 3rd class passengers also, an opportunity has not as yet been offered to dispel the doubt. This year moreover will afford a fitting opportunity for the trial as the Indian National Congress and the Social Conference hold their sessions at Poona where the Native public will be eager to travel. If the Railway authorities with this circumstance in their favour do not find their way to issue the concession tickets will not the Standing Congress Committees give their consideration to have them issued at least this year, so as to afford facility to the NATIVE PUBLIC.

NOV. 5.

THE following paragraphs are summarised from a recent issue of the *Frankfurter Zeitung* :—"The late Prof. Froude held that the succession to the heir to our Gracious Queen is not the English Crown line with the eldest child of the sovereign, net the eldest son; consequent by that Prince of Wales, but the Empress Frederick. The Empress Frederick is reported to have said that, should she succeed to the throne of England, she would make Prince Henry her heir. The Emperor, who was also made acquainted with Prof. Froude's discovery, intimated that if what was put forward was true in its entirety the English succession should go from eldest child to eldest child, which in this case would be himself; and that he certainly would not waive his rights! Germans are now interpreting to each other a speech of their Emperor's that lately puzzled them—a speech in which he said the German Army and the German Fleet would pass beyond the ocean. He was thinking, say his commentators, of the time when England will be an appanage of Germany. The article says that in England the partisans of Prof. Froude's opinion are Lord Lonsdale, Lord Methuen, and Mr. Stead; and that there was, for some time, every disposition to keep the notion secret; but that now that Mr. Stead knows it, the *Review of Reviews* will proclaim this novel view of the succession." We did not know before (observes the *Westminster Gazette*) that the *Frankfurter* was a comic journal.

SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 22.

A DELICATE POINT.

A SHORT time ago some little space was devoted in this column to a few of the goalkeepers who have made their names famous in connection with Association football, amongst those mentioned being Trainer, who is justly regarded as one of the best o his time. Since then he has met with a rather seri[illegible]ous accident—so serious, indeed, that it is said he has expressed a determidation to retire altogether from the game. Without going closely into details, it may be explained that the accident occurred in one of the Football League matches, during which Trainer was charged in such a manner that two ribs were fractured. This, of course, will be a great blow to the Preston North End Club, for goalkeepers of his calibre are not plentiful. The accident is in every way regrettable. To the opponents of hardy out-door exercise it will serve as a peg upon which to hang a whole bundle of diatribes; to the playe himself it may mean weeks of suffering; to his club not too well blessed with Fortune's favours just now it may mean a serious loss of reputation. The charging of goalkeepers has, I know, given some of the legislators much anxiety. Since last season it has been laid down that a goalkeeper shall not be charged except when in the act of playing the ball. And this brings me to my point. Too often I know has it been pointed out that advice and criticism by irresponsible writers are cheap enough to be almost worthless, and yet I would venture to submit that the game would not suffer if charging the goalkeeper was made illegal and a punishable offence. At present the whole of the responsibility is thrown upon the shoulders of the referee, and he alone has power to award or disallow a goal scored when the goal-keeper is charged through. In some cases the power is very properly bestowed and used judicially and fairly; but competent referees are not as plentiful as blackberries, and I certainly think that if goalkeepers were protected against wilful charging it would simplify the duties of the referee, and rid the game of one of the most prolific causes of bad temper on the field. A fairly long experience of the game has convinced me that more bad blood is engendered, in a match by "going for" the goalkeeper than anything else. Again, I have seen players who have been regarded as models of urbanity and good temper off the field provoked beyond measure during a fierce tussle in goal. Not so very long ago I saw one of our leading players bundled unceremoniously into the net with the ball in his hands. Having to stoop to field the ball, he had no chance to recover his position before he was sent flying. What was the consequence? The forward whose "dashing" play had so delighted his comrades felt elated at his success, whilst the goalkeeper inwardly cherished a grudge against his opponent. We saw this from what followed a moment or so later, for when the ball was again directed into goal, and caught by the keeper, the centre forward instantly dashed up to him. Had the attacking party not swerved aside, however, there would have been a cessation of hostilities for a time, even if nothing worse, for as the oncoming forward tore into the goal-mouth the man in charge was in position, up went his knee—in self-defence, if you will—and very skilfully indeed the attacking player swerved aside and so saved himself what must have been a severe shaking up. Nor is this an isolated instance. A good deal of this sort of thing would be eradicated if the referees had power to stop charging. Not for a single moment do I urge that we should water the game down to the level of lawn-tennis or croquet; in these manly games there is bound to be vigour shown. Our empire would not have been what it is to-day without our sports. But it so often happens that the official in charge is unable to follow the play close enough to observe all that transpires in a desperate onslaught on goal that the delicacy of the point, "whilst in the act of playing the ball," must be apparent to all. Those who favour the same views as the writer must be prepared to hear that we propose to eliminate one difficulty and create others, inasmuch as a player going at top speed might easily be brought under the ban of the referee by tilting into the chest of the too willing goalkeeper. Very rarely indeed is the ball dribbled close into goal before shooting, and in the majority of cases I believe it would be easier to say whether or not the charge was a wilful or malicious one than to say whether the goalkeeper is playing the ball at the precise instant a charge is made. Playing the ball is, of course, understood to mean "handling the ball." One does not like to hear of our celebrities being incapacitated, and if anything can reasonably be done to minimise the risk it should be done in the interests of the game itself.

RUGBY UNION PLAYERS.

Watching a rather important Rugby Union match the other day, and noting with some little regret the lack of really high-class play, I could scarcely avoid the conclusion that we are not making headway in the production of champion football players. More especially do I refer to the Rugby Union game. Taken as a whole, our players are probably as good as ever they were, and it may be, too, that the average of merit is somewhat higher. But it appears to me that we have not players who stand out from the crowd like Leonard Stokes, H. B. Tristram, Alan Rotherham, R. Lockwood, and numerous other Yorkshire heroes. The Bartram, for instance. I question very much if we have his equal playing to-day. Not only was he a magnificent runner, sure fielder and tackler, but he was up to every detail of the game, and became acquainted with the weak spots in an opposing side quite as soon, and oft n sooner, than the captain himself. With him drop-kicking was a science, and as he had mastered the mysterics of kicking an oval ball no one knew at the moment who thee the right or left foot would be brought into operation. Again, look at Lockwood in his prime. For his inches, I doubt if he ever had an equal let alone a superior. There may have been stronger, but there has been no better. At his best the sturdy little Tyke could thrill opponents as well as friends with admiration, and though I have seen most of the celebrated players of the last few decades, I always place "Dicky" Lockwood—as his friends in Yorkshire affectionately call him—at the head of my football heroes of the Rugby game. May be this warm admiration has been engendered by his somewhat diminutive stature; be this as it may, I never saw him take the field without experiencing a satisfaction that cannot be put down on paper. It was one of my winning games that Richard Evison Lockwood was seen to advantage; he was the man above all others likely to snatch a victory at the eleventh hour, or, more correctly, perhaps, the 79th minute. He it was, I well remember, who gave the Englishmen the only chance of raising a cheer at Richmond in March, 1891. On that occasion the spectators were entertained with bagpipes before the game began, and also at the interval, and as I happened to be completely hemmed in by excited Scotchmen, with a drizzling rain falling most of the time, the afternoon has become indelibly impressed upon my memory. Very early in the game Chasse, the clever little Scottish three-quarter, had dropped a wonderful goal, and from that time forward Scotland were playing a winning game. McGregor was in great form, too, whilst our half-backs could scarce do anything right. How those Scotchmen did cheer! and how I envied them their opportunities at the time. Literally jammed in by these wild enthusiasts, the rain dripping off one wherever it could, sick at heart owing to the dismal show of the English team, one can easily imagine what it was to be suddenly aroused from a wretched fit of despondency to a thril of delight. It was little Lockwood who brought the sunshine into the sombre picture. Almost neglected for three-parts of the game his chance came towards the close. Alderson, who had too long neglected the right, found a pass to the left impossible, and so he flung the ball across to the little Yorkshireman. It was anything but a clean pass; a Scotchman would have described it as a rank bad one. A couple of players dashed for the ball, Lockwood and a Scot but the former was too smart, and fielding a twisting ball superbly he had slipped away, and was amongst the opposing three-quarters like a flash. If many of the Englishmen present felt as I did, they held their breath as he went straight for the posts. Ah! Then we saw what the little fellow was made of. There stood Stevenson, of the Edinburg Academicals, who had brought down his man all through the game without a single mistake, waiting for his wriggling opponent with calm assurance. How it was done I can scarce record, and yet I watched every move as one entranced. In less time than it takes to tell, the Scotch crack had been left standing still—he had been completely baffled by the sudden swerve—and a mighty cheer went up as Lockwood safely planted the ball over the line. Had this try given England a victory there could scarcely have been more enthusiasm displayed. As it was, Alderson successfully placed a goal, so that Scotland's lead was a little reduced. True, they won by three goals to one; but my feelings underwent such relief when Lockwood put on that solitary try that I shall always remember his feat with gratitude.

VALUABLE TESTIMONY.

Perhaps it may be interesting to quote what is said in the Rev. F. Marshall's splendid work on Rugby football concerning the little hero we have mentioned. Speaking of the players of modern times who have earned International caps, we read: "Foremost of these is Richard Evison Lockwood, formerly of Dewsbury, and now of the Heckmondwike Club, and unquestionably the finest all-round wing three-quarter of the present day. Comparisons with the veterans of old, who played under different conditions, cannot well be made, but all good judges admit the superiority of Lockwood over all the players of this time, as combining in one parson in the highest degree all the essential qualities of a wing threequarter. One of the smallest men who ever played for England, Lockwood may be described as a 'big little one,' being powerfully built, and one mass of muscle. Taken at every point in the game, he is in the first class. A speedy runner, good dodger, an accurate kicker, both place and drop, an unfailing tackler; both on attack and defence he is equally ahead of any contemporary. Of almost infallible judgment, always turning up at the right spot—he always does the right thing, whether in passing, running, or kicking. Whether seeking work for himself, or being at hand to take a pass, or it may be in getting back to assist the defence, Lockwood's play for the past few seasons has been the theme and admiration of his friends, and has called forth the eulogiums and encomiums of critical observers. Lockwood first played for England in 1887." Such praise, coming from the source it does, is worth more than anything I could have said; but every word of it I believe to have been honestly earned.

AN EPITOME OF MAHOMEDAN LAW.

MESSRS. F. A. RANA, B. A., LL.B., and Chotalall Karsondas Mulji, pleaders, High Court, have just published a very useful and handy manual of Mahomedan Law, containing all the important principles of both the *Sunni* and the *Shiah* schools. The work is very appropriately dedicated to the Hon. Mr. Justice Badrudin Tyabji. The authors' exposition of the law is at once brief and lucid, and we have, no doubt, that this compendious little volume will be as popular among students, and legal men in general, as has been its predecessor, "An Epitome of Hindu Law," by the same authors. The book not only gives all the principles of the law, elucidated with examples and illustrations, but notes the changes effected, from time to time, by case-law. For instance, one of the latest of these changes noted in the work is the recent decision in the case of Hamidunnisa Bibi vs. Zainabuddin, in which it is laid down that a Mahomedan woman cannot resist conjugal rights on the ground of non-payment of "prompt dower." This ruling being in contravention of previous decisions, finds a fitting place in a work which lays claim to being quite up to date. On turning over the pages, even a layman finds, here and there, something to interest him. For instance, in the chapter on Divorce, he may find materials for speculating upon the moral effects, on Mahomedan society, of a law which gives the greatest facilities, to husband and wife alike, to relieve themselves from the bonds of matrimony almost at their own sweet will. The treatment of the subjects of marriage and maintenance, minority, custody of children, inheritance, dower, *wakf*, and so on, is all that can be desired, and is specially valuable, as embodying cases as far down as the current year. The rules of distribution among heirs are very complicated, as prescribed by the Mahomedan Law, and, are, therefore, particularly difficult to be grasped by students. But the authors, following the plan of Ellerling, have set them forth in a very lucid manner, and have actually worked out examples to illustrate them. As a record of conscientious and intelligent work the volume will prove an invaluable, and to the student of law, and, at the same time, it will be found to be a very useful and handy book of reference by legal practitioners.

BOMBAY SAILING ASSOCIATION.

THE following are the entries for the races which take place this afternoon :—

Yachts.—To start at 4 p.m. Preliminary gun at 3-55 p.m.

Entered by	
Eileen	Surg-Maj H W Lloyd
Esmia	Mr E Ezekiel
Mannikin	Capt S C Smith, R A
Kiraigne	Mr E Comber
Janetta	Lieut R and J Gillespie, R E
Tomtit	Mr R H Hopkins
Red Rose	Lieut A Rowand, R I M
Kismet	Mr W P Symonds
Isca	Capt W F Potts

Ships' Boats.—To start at 3-30 p.m. Preliminary gun at 3-25 p.m.

Entered by	
Lawarde's Boat	Capt H W Watt, R N R
Hydnaie's Cutter	Capt Dowell
Mabel R I M Dockyard	
Cutter	Mr A Monk
Plassey's Cutter	Comdr W H Taylor, R N
Plassey's Galley	Lieut E B Powell, R I M
Bespite	Mr F Thornton

Course No. 1.—From Pilot schooner leaving it to starboard, round South Karanja Buóy, leaving it to starboard, round Markboat with B. S. A. flag moored south-west of Sunk Rock, leaving it to starboard and finishing at Pilot schooner, leaving it to starboard.

Starting line between Pilot schooner and Markboat with B. S. A. flag, moored east of Pilot schooner's mainmast.

Finishing line between Pilot schooner and the Yacht Club flagstaff.

BOMBAY FIRST EXTRA MEETING.

SECOND DAY—SATURDAY, 7TH DECEMBER

ORDINARIES were held in connection with the above meeting, at the Byculla Commission Stables, yesterday evening, with the following results :—

THE MAIDEN PLATE.

| | Rs

would not only become self-supporting, but would, we have good reason to believe, supply considerable profits for purposes of extension, besides vastly increasing the Government revenue by the occupation of land at present uncultivated, and the establishment of a happy and contented peasantry. The following illustration, which is based on careful enquiries from reliable sources, will serve to show how such a scheme as the above, if conducted with ordinary care and on a *sufficiently large scale*, could be made to pay its way and reproduce itself. Supposing that 5,000 acres of fairly fertile non-irrigated land were granted to us, with a remission of taxes for the first five years, together with a loan of £5,000 at 5 per cent., at £1 per acre, for the initial expenses, it is calculated that 500 families (say 2,500 men, women, and children), could be settled on the land and that the income and expenditure would be as below stated. The land would easily support twice the number of families, *i.e.*, 1,000 families at 5 acres per family, but it would be wise to allow for the natural expansion of population. It will be seen from the following calculations, that not only could the original loan be quickly paid off, but a flourishing, self-supporting and self-propagating community could soon be established if the land and capital necessary for the original outlay should be provided.

ESTIMATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE OF AN INDIAN PEASANT SETTLEMENT OF 5,000 ACRES, FOR SETTLEMENT OF 500 FAMILIES AT TEN ACRES PER FAMILY DURING FIRST SIX YEARS.

INCOME IN RUPEES.

Sources of Income.	1st year Rs	2nd year Rs	3rd year Rs	4th year Rs	5th year Rs	6th year Rs
Loan of 5,000 to start Colony	50000	...	...	...	...	...
Balance in hand, being value of food and seed reserved from previous year	...	60000	43000	72000	60000	48,750
Produce of 2,500 acres at Rs 20 per acre	50000	10000	...	...	...	...
Produce of 2,500 acres at Rs 30, per acre	...	75000	...	...	...	...
Produce of 5,000 acres at Rs 30, 40, and 45 per acre	...	...	150000	200000	200000	225000
Interest on loans to L. M. A. at 5 per cent.	...	...	...	...	3750	7500
Total income, including balance in hand	140000	175000	193000	272000	263750	301250
Total expenditure	80000	132000	122000	213000	215000	240000
Balance carried forward to next year for food and seed	60000	43000	72000	60000	48750	61250

EXPENDITURE IN RUPEES.

Items of Expenditure.	1st year Rs	2nd year Rs	3rd year Rs	4th year Rs	5th year Rs	6th year Rs
	At Re 5	At Re 6	At Re 7	At Re 7		
500 families at Rs 5-7 per month	30000	36000	42000	42000		
500 huts, and walls, tiled roofs at Rs 20	10000	...	...	...	4000	6000
500 bullocks at Rs 20 (1st year)	10000	...	...	...		
250 buffaloes at Rs 40 (2nd year)	...	10000	...	...	43000	71000
Food for cattle	5000	12000	15000	18000		
Seed for 2,500 acres (1st year), 5,000 (2nd and later years), at Rs 3 per acre	80,00	16000	10000	10000		90,000
Carts, ploughs, and other implements	5000	...	...	...	...	...
Three wells at Rs 600	1800	...	...	...	...	...
School for children	1000	1000	1000	1000	...	...
Overnight of Collector	2000	2000	2000	2000	...	...
Interest on loan	4500	4500	3750	3000	...	...
Repayment of loan	...	5000	30000	18000	...	...
Government taxes	...	...	...	...	...	30000
Improvements (irrigation, roads, fences, &c)	10500	11000	1 000	38000	50000	50000
Special rewards to deserving colonists	...	...	...	...	...	10000
Loans from profits to Land and Mortgage Association for new colonies, mortgage, &c	...	...	...	...	77000	75000	90000
Total	80000	132000	122000	213000	184000	240000	

X. Although the above figures have been drawn up with great care, after consulting on the spot many experienced persons, and after having personal acquaintance with village life, the estimate is of course a purely tentative one. It will be readily seen, however, that the margin allowed is so broad as to leave no reasonable doubt as to the financial success of the undertaking, viewed purely on business lines. It is evident, moreover, that if only half the results here estimated were obtained, a Colony would soon be in a position to manage its own affairs in a satisfactory way, but to reproduce itself. It must be noted further that the clear profit in milk, &c., from the buffaloes would, from the third year onward, probably average at least Rs. 2 per month each buffalo, or Rs. 6,000 per year for the 250, besides the additional animals which well-to-do colonists would doubtless purchase.

XI. Estimating the annual cost of the Colony as above at about Rs. 90,000, it will be seen that this gives an average outlay of Rs. 180 per family. This figure is confirmed by an estimate of the Government of Madras which fixes the probable initial outlay at from Rs. 150 to Rs. 250 per family (*see* Order, dated 23rd April 1894 No. 159, Revenue, Government of Madras). It is also borne out by the following estimate, which may be taken to be approximately accurate :—

Items of Expenditure.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third and following Years.
1 Land at 5 per month first year, Rs. 6 per month second, Rs. 7 per month third and following	60	72	84
2 House with mud walls and tiled roofs (one room)	25	...	...
3 1 bullock per family (two families can unite for ploughing purposes)	25	...	...
4 1 buffalo per two families at Rs. 40	...	20	...
5 Seed for bullocks at Re. 1 each per month (would only be required for two months the first year)	...	...	...
6 Food for bullocks at Re. 1 somewhat more	12	24	36
7 Seed for 4 acres first year and 16 acres after	10	16	20
8 Implements, plough, share in cart, &c.	10	10	10
9 Schooling per family	10	10	10
10 Interest on loan	0	6	6
11 Share in well	5	5	5
12 Cess of general oversight	5	5	5
13 Improvements, fencing, wells, tanks, &c	19	21	22
Total	180	180	180

International Headquarters,
The Salvation Army (Foreign Office),
Queen Victoria Street, London.
November, 1895.

FOOD ADULTERATION IN BOMBAY.

Enquiries have been made by Government as to the nature of the adulterations referred to by Dr. Weir, the Health Officer, in his report for the first quarter of 1895, and as to the general scope as well as the special provisions of the enactment which the Corporation would propose for adoption. Government have also directed the attention of the President to Sections 368 and 369 of the Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act II. of 1888, and have requested him to state whether the Corporation would approve of the adoption of similar provisions. Dr. Weir has, through the Municipal Commissioner submitted the following report in reply :—

What I had in mind was the sale of inferior and adulterated drugs. I am afraid a large quantity of the drugs sold in Bombay are not of the quality they are represented and I believe it to be. Some time ago a case occurred that made an impression upon my mind. A strong solution of cocaine was obtained from a large firm in Bombay, and it was absolutely inert even when applied to the sensitive surface of the inside of the nostrils. I strongly suspect that many of the drugs sold here to such places as dispensaries, for instance, are more or less inert.

The provisions of Section 368 and 369 of the Calcutta Municipal Consolidation Act II. of 1888, so far as they go, are very well, but they do not meet the necessities of this City. Section 368 deals with the registry of shops for the sale of drugs, employment of certified drug menchest, and the punishment of uncertified persons dispensing drugs. Section 369 deals with the inspection of drugs and compensation to the owners of the druggists, drug removed from his shop he not found adulterated. These provisions affect me in two respects :—(a) They do not deal with drugs in mass as they come out of the wholesale houses, when samples could most readily be taken. (b) They do not provide any penalty for a sale of an article found to be below the adulterated or has become unwholesome or deteriorated. Their only penalty proposed is the destruction of the liquor in such a way as the Magistrate may think fit of the drug so adulterated.

This seems to me a weak point in the provisions. There is also another weak point in this there is no provision for wilful and intentional adulteration. The provisions only provide so much as when the drugs are found adulterated, they can be destroyed. This is not sufficient. We should have the power, not only to destroy drugs that are adulterated, but to repress adulteration.

SOME CURIOUS SUPERSTITIONS.

"The evil" was once a power in the land. It was firmly believed that the glances of certain persons were disastrous for either human beings or animals and proven ive measures were taken. Amongst these was the wearing of charms and amulets, and the decoration of favourite animals with the same. In Bosnia and the superstition attaching to "the evil eye" has pretty well died out, but, as Mr. F. Elworthy explained to the members of the Folk-Lore Society, on Monday last in their meeting in the rooms of that body in Albemarle-street, the charms are still used, with a vague idea that they are "lucky." From a very large collection of such magic ornaments Mr. Elworthy produced a number of specimens, which are almost any saddler's, and extensively used for the decoration of the head gear of horses in England. The crescent represents the half-moon, and the circle the sun, and in days gone by the symbols had a great significance in averting the baleful effects of "the evil eye." In Italy, Mr. Elworthy explained, pagan traditions were still in full force. He found the finest horses in Naples protected by a perfect armoury of symbols, while bells were used to attract the ear and distract the attention of the dreaded "eye." Italian children had charms to play with, and the wearing of amulets was quite common. In replying to questions, Mr. Elworthy said that superstition was still rife in the west of England. Not long ago he heard of the case of a farmer who, after vainly consulting the "white witches," or witch doctors, on the subject of the illness amongst his cattle, was told by his friends that the real reason was that, instead of the horseshoes affixed to the farm premises being arranged to point upwards, they pointed downwards. He reversed them, and the cattle recovered.

THE MALABAR HILL FILTER BEDS.

PROPOSED REMOVAL OF THE ROOF.

In accordance with a resolution of the Corporation, Mr. M. C. Murzban, the Executive Engineer of the Municipality, and Mr. Tomlinson, the Water Engineer, have forwarded to the Municipal Commissioner their opinion, on the question of the removal of the roof over the filter now being renewed and its replacing, if need be, by some net-work to ensure free access of light and air, and thereby secure a thorough testing of the work of the renovated filter. Mr. Murzban's views are indicated by a quotation he gives from Mr. J. T. Fenning, C.E., an authority on water engineering to the following effect :—

"The British and Continental filter-beds are rarely roofed in, although the practice is almost universal of vaulting over the distributing reservoirs that are near the towns. The intensity of our summer heat and intensity of winter cold in our northern and eastern states make the roofing in of our filter-beds almost a necessity, though we are not aware that this has been done as yet in any instance. The use of the shallow depth of filter of water, so common in the English filters, would be most fatal to open filters here, for the water would frequently be raised in summer to temperature above 80° Fah., and sent into the pipes altogether too warm, with scarce any beneficial change before it reached the consumer. Such temperatures induce also a prolific growth of algae upon the sides of the basin and upon the sand surface when it has become partially clogged, and soon produces a vegetable scum upon the water surface also. As these vegetations are rapidly reproduced and are short-lived, their gases of decomposition permeate the whole flow, and render the water obnoxious. Depth of water and protection from the direct heating action of the sun are the remedies and preventive for such troubles. A free circulation of air and light must, however, be provided, and also the most convenient facilities for the cleaning and renewal of the bed."

Mr. Murzban points out that Sir John Fowler in his report, dated 22nd February, 1889, has recommended the construction of roofs over the filter-beds at Bhandarwada. The Water Engineer has also recommended the completion of the roofing of Bhandarwada Reservoir. Mr. Murzban adds that he is in favour of giving as much light and air as could be given to the Malabar Hill filters without admitting the direct rays of the sun. This could be done without the removal of the roof by the construction of the suitable dormer windows, a rough sketch of which is attached.

In the course of his report Mr. Tomlinson, the Water Engineer, says :—

The reservoir was roofed over in accordance with the resolutions of the Corporation. I believe I am correct in saying that an influence in favour of passing those resolutions was the proximity of the Parsee Towers of Silence. So far as this is concerned the circumstances are the same. From an Engineer's point of view, I attach no importance to the proximity of the Towers of Silence, nor to the birds frequenting them, provided always that the rate of filtration recommended to the Corporation by the Special Committee is not exceeded, because at that rate the water would be efficiently purified whether the filters were open or covered. If a system of imperfect purification is continued, it will only be to add to the possible means of polluting the water, and the roof should therefore be retained. —So far as the efficiency of filtration (at the rate of not exceeding 450 gallons per square yard per day) is concerned, that is, the quantity of the filtered water, there does not appear to be any advantage, but rather the contrary in having filters covered, an filter, are usually left open. The principal exceptions are such cases as Berlin, Wiesbaden and Zurich, were the winter frosts are so severe as to seriously interfere with the working of the filters, the ice being sometimes 15 inches thick on open filters at Berlin.

The open filter-beds, at Zurich require 50 per cent. more cleansing than the covered ones. The covered filter-beds filter 14 per cent. more than the open ones. The cost of filtration is 10 per cent. less by the covered than by the open beds, whilst the cost of construction of the covered beds exceeds that of the open ones by 27·5 per cent. Hence the lower cost of construction of the open filter-beds does not compensate for their high er cost of maintenance, and their lower yield as compared with covered beds. The Zurich authorities have, therefore, decided to roof not only the two open filter-beds, but also the five new ones. It should be added, however, that, in point of quality of the filtered water, no perceptible difference has been found between covered and open filter-beds. I am of opinion that for Tul-i Lake water and the circumstances here existing, the filtration at not exceeding 500 gallons per square yard per day will be sufficient in covered as in open beds, but for convenience of cleansing, open beds are preferable because the vegetable growth and deposit left on the surface of the sand when the filter is open, allow for cleansing, although more copious in the open filter, rapidly dry under the powerful action of the sun and can be swept off the sand, leaving the filter almost ready for work again. It will be remembered that Sir John Fowler advised that in addition to Bhandarwada reservoir : "The works required here are of a more costly character than at Malabar Hill, and I have to suggest to you several additions to the works, which have been specially called to my notice. In the first place I strongly advise that all the water of this reservoir should be covered by roofing as at Malabar Hill. The exposure to the sun's rays, as is well known, developes vegetable growth very rapidly, and the protection give by the complete covering of the water is well worth this additional expense."

In forwarding these reports to the Corporation, Mr. Snow remarks :—

The balance of opinion on this still somewhat obscure subject tends to show that there is hardly any perceptible difference of quality in water drawn from roofed or open filter-beds, as far as experience goes, at Liverpool, and Switzerland, but that, on the whole, roofing is preferable on account of the increased facility in cleaning the beds and the comparative immunity from the increased growth of algae generated by the rays of the sun. In addition to this, the reasons and arguments which led to the roofing of the Malabar Hill filters exist in even greater force at the present day. Public opinion having declared itself authoritatively on the matter, I should strongly deprecate re-opening such a burning question again. As I have now visited the filter-beds on various occasions at different seasons of the year, I have come to the conclusion from the prevailing close nature of the atmosphere in the interior of the roofed chambers that further ventilation is necessary, and would suggest that some such plan as recommended by the Executive Engineer be adopted, the ventilation being extended as much as possible. I think considerable improvement, both in the quality of the water and the state of the filter-bed, may result from adopting this course. If the Corporation approve of this suggestion, the necessary estimates for the ventilation of all the filter-beds will be drawn up and submitted to them.

A DANISH CRITIC ON ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Dr. George Brandeas, the celebrated Danish critic, delivered an interesting speech at the Authors' Club, on Nov. 18. As reported in the "Daily Chronicle," Dr. Brandes said:—I am in debt to England for other more valuable impressions. I came as a young man to London. I got an impression of the strength of the English race. I saw in Hyde Park old men of seventy years ride on horseback with as jaunty an air as the youngest, with cheeks as red and fresh as the cheeks of a child. I began early in life to study English literature. I have written a big book on it. Nowhere on this European literature of the first fifty years of our century, and the kernel of this work is the poetry of England, the hinge on which it turns. Though as you perceive, I speak English very badly, still I am sure you can read it very easily. Many of Wordsworth and Coleridge, Walter Scott and Moore, Keats, Landor, Shelley and Byron Of all the poets of the century nobody has impressed me more deeply than Shelley. I read the "Ode to the West Wind" with ecstasy and delight. I know the shorter poems line for line. There never was a lyrical poet greater that Sheley. I do not known his peer. In Westminster Abbey there is a bust of Southey, but I miss images of Keats, of Shelley of Byron. It has surprised me to find that this English people, which can certainly not be called an essentially military people, has honoured in its public places many of its generals, few of its statesmen, but—except William Shakspere in Leicester-square—very few of all those who have produced the great and glorious English literature. Yet foreigners return again and again to the study of this literature, and above all to the Shakspere, commands the attention of every civilised being. Everyone tries to understand him better and more fully than his predecessors. And I must plead guilty to a continuous six years' course with him. In old times a critic was a little esteemed of poets and authors. They believed him full of envy and malice, they believed he wore an abdominal belt of serpents. In our time people know that a critic is simply a man who can read and who teaches others to read—an art that is rarer than would be supposed. A critic is a man who is as pliant and supple when the question is to understand, as he is inflexible and firm when it is time to ask to explain. He understands men and people who do not understand one another. He builds up bridges over the gulf that separates people from people, he is the true engineer of spiritual life. As he builds, so he clears ways, and plants hedges and fences to keep off the wild beasts he hunts up so he pulls down. 'Tis not faith that moves mountains, it is criticism that moves them—all the mountains of antiquated faith, of superstitions, and dead traditions. You do not know how fortunate you are to own a language that is understood all over the earth, so that you can appeal in your own words to your hearer. We, who have a language that is only understood by very few millions, are only known in translations. You are fortunate to have copyright in your work. Scandinavians have no literary agreement with other countries. Foreign publishers seldom send us anything for our copyrights, and often a copy of their piracies is even denied. And we are little translated. Of thirty volumes I have written, not a dozen are translated into German, and most of them in pirated editions made from texts that are twenty years old and have in the meantime been entirely remodelled. Those books bear my name, and have even been retranslated in many other languages, but I never have, acknowledged them as mine. As I am on the threshold of an introduction to the English people, I am glad to be able to tell you that I have every reason to believe that it will be in a translation which for once I can be proud of. But it is not of my good fortune that I wish to talk. I want to repeat what I have said of yours. You are, indeed, fortunate in the possession of a literature such as yours is. I saw last Saturday in the Natural History Museum an enormous disc of a giant tree, many hundred years old. The tree was so old that its centre was marked as contemporary with the Battle of Agincourt, and the different rings as contemporary with Shakspere's birth, Newton's death, the accession of Queen Victoria, and so on. In spite of its age the stem had remained fresh and living until it was felled by human hand. Such venerable tree is English literature, and it lives and flourishes to day as of old. May never its woodman pass, and may it live and thrive and bear fruits.

THE MOST ALARMING attacks of Gout and Rheumatism may be defeated by a few doses of Hermit's Rheumatic Gout Cure (Rs. 1-8) and Hirbal Brusticon (Rs. 1), of MADAN, SONS and Co.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION ANNUAL REPORT.

From this document, which deals with Vagrancy and Pauperism, he Boarding-out System, the Departmental Committee on Prisons, the Punishment of Death, Foreign Governments, European Penal Literature, and other kindred matters—we clip the appended and somewhat abbreviated passages :—

Indian Prisons.—The committee have been gratified at receiving letter from several parts of India, showing that considerable benefit has resulted, in certain departments, from their efforts for the much-needed reform of Indian gaols. It is, however, matter much for regret that a very high rate of mortality still continues in the Bengal gaols, and, indeed, has increased during the past year. The condition of the Bengal gaols, in this respect, call for prompt action, both on the part of the India Office at home and of the Executive in India. Much conscientious attention has been devoted to the condition of the Bengal gaols by Dr. D. W. D. Comins, Inspector General, and by other able medical officers in that presidency; also by several Committees of Visitation. A certain degree of effect has been given to their recommendations by Sir Charles Elliott (lieut.-Governor of Bengal), but it is greatly to be desired that much more should be done in this direction. A large cellular prison is being erected on the Andaman Islands for convicts from Bengal and elsewhere. Valuable as separation is as a test mostly to be hoped that its application there, may always be attended by the necessary conditions for its healthful and merciful operation. Extensive disease and high mortality have been overcome in some Indian gaols through bad ventilation. The drainage, wells, and water supply, in many gaols, need further improvement, and the bathing arrangements, so as to lessen colds and dysentery. In certain Indian gaols during last year (1894), the mortality ranged as high as 100 per 1000 prisoners. It would be desirable to hold the prison authorities responsible for their respective sick and death-rates, to the extent of withholding their prospects of promotion. There are many noble exceptions both amongst the higher and lower officials, all over India, and especially in the North-West and Madras districts. It is decidedly objectionable that the printed Administration Report of the Gaols of Bengal are marked "not printed for sale" and consequently are not obtainable by the Press and the public generally. The committee have learnt with regret of the retirement of Sir J. W. Tyler, late Inspector-General of the Prisons of the North-Western Provinces and Oude, after many years of most valuable administrative services. While, in one direction, important reforms may have been introduced, in other areas still very unsatisfactory conditions. This is the case amongst others, with some of the prisons in the Bombay Presidency, in particular. The prisons of Burma and Singapore also present a most unsavoury record. The chief causes in India and the India Office at home are mainly responsible for the existing state of things in Bombay, Burma, and elsewhere. It is, however, only fair to the Government of Bombay to state that it is not indifferent to prison reform. Considerable attention is given to industrial labour, especially as the prisons of Yerrowda, the Bombay House of Correction, and in four of the gaols in Scinde. The "good mark" system is also being used with advantage.

Aden.—Mr. Donald Mackenzie, a well-known African traveller, a member of the Executive committee of the Howard Association, visited Aden in the spring of 1895 (on his Anti-Slavery Mission to Zanzibar), and, on his return to England, laid the following statement before the committee:—"I am forcing your attention to a matter, which I think of considerable importance, regarding the punishment of boys and men at Aden. It was brought under my notice while staying there two months ago. It appears that boys and men from Somaliland, who come for work or are residents in Aden, are punished, in my opinion, in a most cruel manner. Sometimes petty thefts are committed by small boys or grown-up men. For these offences they are tied to a post and lashed, sometimes under boys receiving as many as fifty lashes on their bare backs. Many of them are possibly injured for life. In this respect Somalis are treated as if they were slaves. I called the attention of the Chief Police of Aden to this matter, and he assured me that they punished the Somalis in accordance with the Indian Criminal Code. The whole thing seems barbarous and un-English, and ought to be altered. It seems strange that Somalis are punished in this cruel manner for petty thefts, while a man who, in my presence threw a native violently downstairs, and broke his leg, was left unpunished." The committee have brought Mr. Mackenzie's statement before the English Government who have forwarded it to India for further information.

Japan.—Considering all circumstances, the official reports of Japan are extraordinarily interesting. The Howard Association has recently received from the Government three volumes, one of which contains about fifty pictures representing almost every aspect of prison life and administration in that country, and showing that the most modern of criminal reformatories, adopted in Europe and America, have been initiated in Japan and, in some instances, improved upon.

THE BECHUANA CHIEFS AT WINDSOR CASTLE.

The "Times of Africa" contains the following account of the visit of the Chiefs Khama, Sebelo, and Bathoen, who were accompanied by Mr. Chamberlain, the Earl of Selborne, and Lord Asptuil, to Windsor on the afternoon of Nov. 20. The Revs. W. C. Willoughby and E. Lloyd were also of the party, the latter gentleman acting as interpreter throughout the day :—

On reaching Windsor they were met by three of the Royal carriages, which conveyed them to the Castle, immediately on their arrival their luncheon was served, at which were present the members of the Royal Household. Khama sat beside the lion. Miss Lamber, who entered into a lively conversation with him. After luncheon an adjournment was made to the Green Drawing Room, where the chiefs were requested to enter their names in the visitors' book. Then a little instruction was imparted to the chiefs as to how to conduct themselves on entering the Royal presence, Mr. Chamberlain acting as guide. When the necessary proficiency had been attained the visitors were ushered into the White Drawing Room, Her Majesty received them seated. After the formal introductions had been made Mr. Chamberlain, each chief advanced in turn and laid his present at Her Majesty's feet. Khama and Bathoen each gave a very handsome leopard rug (tiger kaross, as it is called at the Cape) and Sebele a rich silver jackal kaross. The Queen then spoke and said clear tones :—"I am glad to see the chiefs, and to know that they have arrived. I confirm the settlement of their case which my Minister has made. I approve of the provision excluding strong drink from their country. I feel strongly in this matter, and am glad to see that the chiefs have determined to keep so great a curse from the people. The chiefs must obey my Minister and my High Commissioner. I thank them for the presents which they have brought to me, and I wish for their prosperity and that their people."

The Queen's presents were then handed to the chiefs who each in turn thanked Her Majesty for her kindness and good wishes. That no jelousy might exist, each received a handsomely bound copy of the Bechuana Testament, with the Royal Arms embossed on the cover, and a large framed photograph of Her Majesty for himself, and an Indian shawl for his wife. As Khama is a widower, the eldest daughter will have the pleasure of receiving the shawl. The visitors were then shown over the Castle, when they expressed their admiration in the most enthusiastic terms of the beauties and splendours of the different apartments. Many compliments were paid the Rev. Mr. Lloyd by Mr. Chamberlain and party on his able fulfilment of the duties of interpreter. The three chiefs, who were seen by our representative, expressed the highest satisfaction at having beheldone whom they had almost been inclined to regard as a myth, saying that when we return, we shall be able to tell our people that England has truely a Queen, for we have seen her face and spoken with her, and should any doubters speak we can show them her presents to us." Sebele said :—"She is very charming; she has a kind face and a sweet voice, but I had no idea she was so short nor so stout. I have long desire to see the chief of so many millions, as my father did before me; but I have seen her now, and shall go back home content."

Asked about Windsor Castle, they said:—"It is far beyond anything we have ever seen. We could not imagine such grandeur. We have seen an incalculable value in gold, but Khama is a wealthy man but Windsor Castle too, is riches made beautiful. In every room there was gold." Mr. Chamberlain (or Moathlodi, as they have named him) was, they say, exceedingly kind, and they valued very highly the benefits he has conferred upon them. Moathlodi is a native word, signifying, 'He who rights things.'"

BRITISH INTERESTS IN MADAGASCAR.

M. DE VILERS AND THE LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY

In the "Revlew de Paris," of Nov. 15, M. LeMyre de Villers publishes an elaborate article on the treaty signed by Gen. Duchesne and the Hovas of Madagascar, and he unhesitatingly pronounces against its ratification pure and simple. He brushes aside as worthless the argument that by not ratifying the treaty the French government would be guilty of a breach of faith. He remarks that no difficulty is likely to arise with Germany, which under the reserve of the most-favoured-nation clause, has recognised the right of France to do with Madagascar what she thinks fit. He continues :—

According to her costant policy, England astipulates for restrictions. Whilst recognising the Protectorate with all its conciquences, notably as regards the exequatur of Consuls, it was understood that the establishment of the Protectorate would not involve the rights and immunities of British subjects in the Islands. Now, among these rights that of Jurisdiction was annulled by the fact of the war, the conquest, and declaration of the sovereignty of France. In the opinion of Lord Salisbury, that exceptional jurisdiction can only exist in imperfectly civilised countries where the Government is not capable of securing an equitable distribution of justice. Well, are we going of our own free will to re-establish that regime? . . . One essential point is paramount—namely, Madagascar is French territory over which France exercises sovereign rights. The graves of our soldiers, that line the path of sorrow between Majunga, and Antananario, mark our profession of the land. The mothers and widows of those who died for their country would not understand that Lord Salisbury should dictate to us what has been called upon to sacrifice their lives for the sole result of trebling the size of the Hovas' Kingdom, increasing their Queen's powers of oppression, and favouring the secret designs of the London Missionary Society.

Those books bear my name, and have even been retranslated in many other languages, but I never have, acknowledged them as mine. As I am on the threshold of an introduction to the English people, I am glad to be able to tell you that I have every reason to believe that it will be in a translation which for once I can be proud of. But it is not of my good fortune that I wish to talk. I want to repeat what I have said of yours. You are, indeed, fortunate in the possession of a literature such as yours is. I saw last Saturday in the Natural History Musium an enormous disc of a giant tree, many hundred years old. The tree was so old that its centre was marked as contemporary with the Battle of Agincourt, and the different rings as contemporary with Shakspere's birth, Newton's death, the accession of Queen Victoria, and so on. In spite of its age the stem had remained fresh and living until it was felled by human hand. Such venerable tree is English literature, and it lives and flourishes to day as of old. May never its woodman pass, and may it live and thrive and bear fruits.

Rowland's Odonto or Pearl Dentifrice whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, and sweetens the breath; is free from any acid or gritty ingredients, and being most beautifully perfumed, it is the most delightful tooth powder in use. Sold by Chemists and Stores. Ask for Rowland's Odonto of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid worthless and noxious imitations.

RANDOM RECOLLECTION OF FAMOUS MEN.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE HON. LIONEL TOLLEMACHE.

A *Westminster Gazette* correspondent has been interviewing the Hon. Lionel Tollemache. He found Mr. Tollemache in the beautiful old-fashioned garden which surrounds the house where Miss Norte spent a part of her "Happy Life" in the neighbourhood of Hastings, and where on the wooded heights above the sea, he does so much of his thinking and mentally prepares so much of his writing for the moment when other eyes and hands can transfer it to paper, since he is almost as dependent on an amanuensis as was the late Mr. Fawcett. We append a few extracts :—

Mr. Tollemache was born, he told the interviewer, in the year 1838, and went to Harow when Dr. Banghan was Headmaster there. "My sight," he continued, "had always been extremely defective. Like Bob Low, I have known myself to blot with my nose what I had just written. It was such a severe case of hypermetropia that is was communicated by Bowman to the Dutch oculist Donders, as of interest for his treatises upon the eyes where it appeared in due time in Donder's book."

In spite of his disadvantages in this repect, Mr. Tollemache was almost captain of the school when he left. From Harrow he went to Oxford and got a Balliol Scholarship. "I remember," he says, "that at the scholars' table we had the late Lord Bowen, the Provost of Oriel, Mr. Justice Wright, and the present Headmaster of Eton." Mr. Tollemache, in spite of his physical disability, took his First in Classics.

The conversation having turned to the late Professor Huxley, Mr. Tollemache said :—

"I once asked him whether the difference between the natural intelligence of an Englishman or a German and that of a savage is not small indeed when compared with the difference between the natural intelligence of the savage and that of a chimpanzee or gorilla. He quite agreed with me; but he seemed to think that many savages would be unable to bear the strain of European culture. He, However, made the remark that the training of many savages is more quickening to the intelligence than the training of an ordinary London clerk: and he went on to enumerate some of the small things which a savage has to be constantly observing. I reminded him of the minute indications (such as that of short steps betokening old age) by which, in Voltaire's romance, Zadig contrived to describe a malefactor whom he had not seen. He replied that this instance exactly illustrated his point.

"He maintained a purely agnostic attitude in regard to the great riddles of life. 'Any Sunday-school teacher,' he said, 'is by the way of knowing more about these things than I know.' I found that irreference to the most practically important of the great riddles, Tendall, when pressed by logic, was more inclined to definite negation than Huxley was.

"In 'Safe Studies,' says that according to Charles Austin, Bentham used to mark theological works with the syllable 'Jug,' as short for Juggernaut, Stephen capped this incident by saying that the great jurist, whenever he heard of an unusually horrible accident, used to exclaim, 'How like Provvy [Providence]!' I see that the latter interjectional and not overreverent abbreviation is cited by the cultivated villain of one of Mrs. Humphry Ward's novels.

"In my juvenile defence of Euthanasia ('The Cure for Incurables in' 'Stones of Stumbling') I mentioned the case of a kindly old Indian officer I past eighty whom I asked whether he would like to live his life over again 'Live it over again?' he answered, with an enthusiasm of which I had thought him incapable; 'I would live it five times over again There is not a single day that I regret Referring to this incident in 1884, Fitzjames Stephen said, 'I cannot make the same boast as the Indian officer, for I am only in my fifty-sixth year. But, up to the present time, I have not spent a single day which I would not live over again.' Alas I would he have been able to say this eight or nine years later.?

"In an article which he wrote some years ago he quotes somebody as having said (in effect) : 'I think I know what becomes of the sheep and the goats; but what about the alpacas?' Evidently Stephen objected strongly to the practice of dividing people sharply into good and bad. He gave another proof of this objection on the subject by telling me that somebody had maintained that the difference between the last person in heaven and the first person in hell would be no greater than the difrence between the 'wooden spoon' and the captain of the poll—in other words, between the last of the honour men and the first of the pass men. In both these instances, may not the anonymous somebody whom he cited have been merely a masked ego? In my Memoir of Fitzjames Stephen I mention that Stephen was unable to find that some small idols which he had ordered at Benares reached him at Calicutta with the label 'Gods with care.' Does not this accidentally significant inscription tempt one to exclaim, *Deorum salus hominibus cura*

"I Stayed at Alderley many years ago, and saw something of the late Lady Stanley; but I can recall no characteristic remarks of hers, unless myself, which I should feel at liberty to quote. One good saying of hers, however, I can give on good authority. An eminent divine tells me that he sat near her at the opening of Holloway College. He observed that she looked uneasy as her eyes wandered over the pictures of the founders of religious and other spiritual heroes which, as I understand, decorate the walls of the hall or chapel. At last she exclaimed, in the directness of one accustomed to think aloud :—" I see no picture of Confucius. *Surely he had a finger in the pie!*'"

Speaking of some other eminent persons lately deceased, Mr. Tollemache repeated to his interviewer a good story he had from Lord Aberdare, of a Welsh clergyman who did not get on very well with his parishioners, and was made chaplain to a gaol. When preaching the farewell sermon to his parish he chose the unfortunate text, "I go to prepare a place for you." This may remind one of the story that an evangelical divine, having been with difficulty persuaded by his son, a priest of the most approved Ritualistic type, to preach in the latter's church, selected—I suppose by accident—the too appropriate text, "Lord, have mercy on my son, for he is lunatic."

"Shortly before my father died I spoke to Lord Aberdare of the strangeness of the order of the world, in which my father was broken down with age, while the oak trees in the avenue of his park probably looked much the same as they did when, according to the family tradition, Queen Elizabeth drove under them to pay a visit to the Sir Lionel Tollemache of that day. Lord Aberdare in reply, quoted from memory a passage Dryden's from Palamon and Arcite" where the

The monarch oak, the patriarch of the trees,
Shoots rising up, and spreads by slow degrees;
Three centuries he grows, and three he stays,
Supreme in state, and in three more decays.

After repeating these lines, lines which—partly, perhaps, through the appalication of the masculine pronoun to the oak—seemed peculiary and pathetically suggestive of human growth, maturity, and decrepitude, he went on to say with emphasis : 'Such a life as that would indeed be worth having!'"

THE STOKES CASE: OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The official correspondence which has recently passed between the British Government and the Secretary to the Congo Free State with reference to the hanging of Mr. Stokes was made public on Nov. 18 :—

Under date of Nov. 3 Sir F Plunkett, the British Minister at Brussels, forwarded to Lord Salisbury a letter from M. van Eetvelde, mentioning that on Sept. 3 he had expressed the great regret of the Congo State Government that the court-martial which had condemned Mr. Stokes to death was not legally constituted, and that M. Lothaire did not give the prisoner any opportunity of appealing to the Court at Boma. The Congo State Government, he proceeds, being anxious to settle the matter in such a way as to give full satisfaction to that of Her Britannic Majesty, give an engagement that M. Lothaire shall be brought before a Court competent to throw complete light on the whole question, to adjudicate on the accusations brought against M. Lothaire and to inflict punishment proportionate to the gravity of the offence in the event of his guilt being established. The Congo State Government are, more-over, ready to pay at once, as compensation for irregularity of procedure followed in the case of Mr. Stokes, the sum of 150,000f., to order the restitution of all property connected with his estate, and to instruct its officials to settle the estate in concert with the British Consul-General at the Congo State. On Nov. 5 Lord Salisbury replied accepting the offers of the Congo State Government, and intimating that the British Government awaited further information as to the character and composition of the tribunal before which Captain Lothaire is to be tried. On Nov. 9 M. van Eetvelde addressed to Sir F. Plunkett a note enclosing an order on the Banque Nationale of Brussels for 150,000f., which Lord Salisbury duly acknowledged on the 13th.

THE CONGOPHIL PRESS AND THE INDEMNITY.

Despite the clear statement of the facts (says the Brussels correspondent of the "Times") a strong effort is being made by the Congophil Press to make it appear that in return for 150,000f, England has yielded herself to abstain from all further interference in the matter. The "Chronique" goes so far to say :—

So England contents herself with an indemnity of 150,000f. by way of reparation for the irregular procedure in the Stokes trial, and we close an affair which almost threatened at one time to assume a serious aspect. We may say that this indemnity is nothing but a platonic compensation accorded to the English Government, which supported, and rather egged on, by two or three newspapers, seemed inclined to show its teeth, and we all know that they are long. There is no longer any question of bringing Capt. Lothaire to trial, and those of our countrymen who have fomented public feeling in England have reaped nothing but their own shame.

The Berlin "Boersen Courier" says : "Above all, the claims of Germany must be met. Owing to the action of Capt. Lothaire, our rights and property in German East Africa have suffered, and compensation must be made."

NATIVE RESISTANCE TO THE OPPRESSION OF FREE STATE OFFICIALDOM.

The reports of the unsettled condition of affairs in the Congo Free State has received further confirmation from an

COGNAC A.I. — INVALIDS' PORT

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

"The Wine Shippers of the East."

Napier Johnstone's Whisky.

Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskies.

C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies,

and every other Wine of Good Quality.

AMOROSO SHERRY — PALL MALL WHISKY

BOMBAY.

HORSE EXERCISE AT HOME.

By Royal Letters Patent

Vigor's Horse-Action Saddle.

HIGHLY APPROVED OF BY H.I.M. THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA.

PERSONALLY ORDERED BY H.R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES.

ADOPTED BY Sir HENRY THOMPSON, F.R.C.S., &c. And by Leading Physicians.

PRONOUNCED BY Dr. GEORGE FLEMING, C.B. a most efficient substitute for the live horse.

USED BY MARY, COUNTESS OF DERBY. The Rt. Hon. The EARL of LISBURNE. The Rt. Hon. BARON H. DE WORMS. AND MANY OTHERS.

EXERCISE ON THIS SADDLE
Creates Appetite & Cures Dyspepsia,
Quickens the Circulation,
Stimulates the Liver,
Relieves Hysteria, Insomnia,
Gout & Rheumatism,
And Safely Reduces Obesity.

The LANCET says: "The expense and difficulty of riding on a live horse are avoided."
The QUEEN: "Either a strong man can indulge in violent exercise, or an invalid, a delicate woman, or a child may derive benefit."
The STANDARD: "Undoubtedly the simplest and most economical form for the purpose."
The FIELD: "We have had an opportunity of trying one of the Horse Action Saddles, and found it very like that of riding on a horse; the same muscles are brought into play as when riding."
The best exercise for the strong, the weak, also the blind, lame or crippled.
The best and safest exercise for people suffering from MENTAL and NERVOUS DISORDERS.

FULL PARTICULARS WITH ILLUSTRATIONS, POST FREE:

Vigor & Co^ns 21, Baker St^t London.

BILE-LADEN BLOOD.

HEALTHY BILE.

When the Liver is not making Healthy Bile, or insufficient quantity, the Blood becomes impure, the groundwork of disease, and produces Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headaches, Moping, Melancholy, Gout, Rheumatism, and nearly every form of disease.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is the simplest and best remedy yet introduced. It prevents Diarrhœa, and removes it in the early stages.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

assists the functions of the LIVER, BOWELS, SKIN, and KIDNEYS by Natural Means; thus the Blood is freed from POISONOUS or other HURTFUL MATTERS. It is impossible to overstate its great value. THERE IS NO DOUBT that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SEVERE ILLNESS. Without such a simple precaution, the JEOPARDY of LIFE is IMMENSELY INCREASED.

SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable Disease. — "I have been a nurse for upwards of ten years, and in that time have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S FRUIT SALT, which has kept my blood in a pure state. I recommended it to all my patients during convalescence. Its value as a means of health cannot be overestimated.—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE. "April 21st, 1894."

EASTERN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

Cavendish Square, W., October 26, 1894.

DEAR SIR,—I have recently returned from Eastern Equatorial Africa, where I lived for upwards of 12 years.

I enjoyed phenomenal health, and in my opinion it was undoubtedly owing to the daily use of your "Fruit Salt," the beneficial qualities of which I had previously found in England. I have no hesitation in saying that my life was preserved by it.

On my way home I had a severe attack of intermittent fever, the sea was rough, and the ship's medical attendant was (as that officer usually is) prostrate with "mal de mer," and unable to attend to anyone. The fever gained and gained on me, but after a few doses of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I at last fell into a refreshing sleep, and found on awakening that the int so thirst had gone, and long before I had arrived at Aden was as well as I had ever been in my life. I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ANGLO-AFRICAN.

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'" without you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Prepared only at ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON S.E. By J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders. Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.

Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HAMPINGTON, Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

Stephens' Inks

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

SICK HEADACHES, NEURALGIA, instantly relieved by GRIMAULT and Co's GUARANA a single powder of which is sufficient to cure the most violent sick headache.

The LANCET says:—"GRIMAULT'S GUARANA powders are a certain remedy for sick headache."

A CURE FOR ASTHMA!!!

GRIMAULT'S INDIAN CIGARETTES

Asthmatic people who suffer from Oppression in breathing, stifling sensations, Hoarseness, and Loss of voice, Nervous coughs, Laryngitis, Colds, with Wheezing, Bronchitis, Insomnia, Catarrhal affections, and difficulty in Expectoration, are promptly relieved by these Cigarettes.

GRIMAULT & CO., Paris, Sold by all Chemists.

For Constipation and Biliousness

LAXATIVE FRUIT JULIEN PURGATIVE

A nice and safe remedy for ladies and children to act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines. *Fruit Julien* cures habitual constipation, offensive breath and sick-headache.

JULIEN, 8, rue Vivienne, PARIS

BETTER THAN COPAIBA!

MATICO

GRIMAULT & C^o CHEMISTS, PARIS

Renowned Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of Acute and Chronic Discharges. The Capsules, unlike Copaiba, do not cause eruptions on the skin or produce nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the more chronic cases.

MARCKS & Co.'s (LD.)

FINEST ELECTRO-PLATE,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

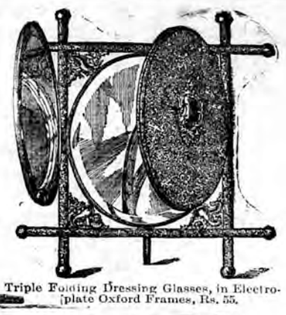
Call-bell, heavy Base, Electro-plate, Rs. 60.

Tea Set, Cream Jug and Sugar Basin, Ebony Handle, Rs. 60.

Claret Jug, Cut-glass, Electro-plated mount, Rs. 22.

Crumb Tray, with Brush, in Electro-plate, Rs. 22.

Oblong Waiter, Porcelain Base, with Electo-plate mounts, Rs. 66.



Triple Folding Dressing Glasses, in Electro-plate Oxford Frames, Rs. 55.

Crumb Tray, with Brush, in Electro-plate, Rs. 28.

Liquor Frame, Electro-plated mount, with Lock, Cut-glass Bottles, Rs. 95.

Field Bottle and 2 Glasses, in best Electro-plate, Rs. 55. Leather Sling case, Rs. 12.

Tea Set, Pot, Cream Jug, and Sugar Basin, Ebony Handle, Rs. 55.

Crumb Tray and Brush, Electro-plate, Rs. 20.

Egg Frame, 4 Cups and Spoons, Gilt inside, Rs. 18.

Egg Frame, 4 cups and Spoons, Salt and Pepper, Gilt inside, Rs. 45.

Biscuit Box, polished Electo-plate, Rs. 18-8.

Wine Jug (2 pints) frosted Electro-plate Top, Rs. 12.

Oval Oak Waiter, 19in., mounted, Electro-plate, Rs. 85.

POSITIVELY THE BEST DRESSING FOR

PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR.

SPECIALLY PREPARED AND PERFUMED FOR TOILET USE.

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST.

"Dear Sir,—After trying several hair-producers, and giving yours a fair trial, I must acknowledge it to be the best. "S. BENNETT,

"19, Gloucester Place, Liverpool."

DESPAIRED OF SUCCESS.

"Sir,—My delight at the remarkable results produced by the use of your 'Harlene' impels me to testify to its efficacy. I had tried several other applications and had despaired of success, when I was advised to try yours. I have used three bottles, and, as a result, my hair is as plentiful as it was ten years ago. "G. COSTA,

"4, Rue de la Sourdiere, Paris."

THE HON. MRS. THOMPSON'S TESTIMONY.

"Ackworth Moor Top, Pontefract.

"The Hon. Mrs. Thompson desires to testify to the value of 'Harlene' for strengthening and preserving the hair, and will be pleased to allow her testimony to be publicly used."

DONE WONDERS FOR MY HAIR.

"Sir,—Please send me one 5s. 6d. bottle of 'Harlene.' I have used it for the last eighteen months, and it has done wonders for my hair. I now wish to induce a friend of mine to try it; also a bottle of 'Violetta.' "JANE LEECH,

"The Oaks, Wisbeach Road, King's Lynn."

VAIN REGRETS.

"Gentlemen,—I have tried your 'Harlene,' and find that there is none to equal it. I only regret that I did not try it years ago.

"MISS PRESTON,

"Southend Villas, Syston, near Leicester."

AN EXCELLENT HAIR DRESSING.

"Sir,—Kindly forward another bottle of 'Harlene.' I like it immensely. I think it an excellent dressing for the hair and prefer it to any other. "MRS. ROSS,

"Lower Heyweed, Banbury, Oxon."

AN ANXIOUS FATHER SATISFIED.

"Sir,—I am pleased to testify to the efficacy of your 'Harlene.' My little boy (four and a-half years old) has had a bald place on the back of his head from his birth. I applied the 'Harlene' to the place daily, and the result has been most satisfactory."

[Name and address suppressed by desire. Original may be seen.]

FOR EYEBROWS AND RENEWING THE HAIR.

"Dear Sir,—I have used your 'Harlene' for nearly four years, and have found it most satisfactory for the eyebrows and eyelashes, also for renewing the hair.

"6, Belgrave Terrace, Brighton. "MISS TRISS,

A MARKED IMPROVEMENT.

"Dear Sirs,—Having used one bottle of your 'Harlene' I noticed a marked improvement; my hair is beginning to grow, and the scurf has disappeared. I will recommend it to my friends.

"MISS WEBB,

"Northumberland House, Brandon, Suffolk."

DELIGHTED WITH THE HAIR TONIC.

"Sir,—I am delighted with your hair-tonic; can detect an improvement with using one bottle. Please send large size.

"SAMUEL GROCOTT,

"Field View, Woore, Newcastle, Staffs."

"HARLENE" WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use. "HARLENE" PRODUCES LUXURIANT HAIR, PREVENTS ITS FALLING OFF AND TURNING GREY.

UNEQUALLED FOR PROMOTING THE GROWTH OF THE BEARD AND MOUSTACHE. THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS. For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, &c., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Color, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any metalic or other injurious ingredients. 1/-, 2/6, and 4/6 per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers, and Perfumers all over the World, or sent direct, on receipt of P.O.O.

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" Co., 95, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

Schweitzer's COCOATINA The Best and Purest COCOA

ACTON & BORMAN'S — SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,

In 3d. Packets And 6d Is. 2s 6d Tins EVERYWHERE.

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD

In Packets 1d & 2d ONE TRIAL SOLICITED.

ALSO

"GENUINE" EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.

"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.

BLACK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &C.

72, SHOE LANE, LONDON

ESTABLISHED 1851.

EDWARDS'

HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use.

"HARLENE" PRODUCES LUXURIANT HAIR, PREVENTS ITS FALLING OFF AND TURNING GREY.

Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, etc., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any metallic or other injurious ingredients. 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d. per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers, and Perfumers all over the World.

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" CO., 95, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

DELICIOUS NEW PERFUME

THE CROWN PERFUMERY Co's

APPLE BLOSSOMS

and the celebrated

CROWN LAVENDER SALTS

Sold Everywhere. Reject Counterfeits.

TO LADIES

all most beautiful women use

CREME SIMON

Madame Adelina PATTI says:

"Have found it very good indeed"

For all irritations of the skin it is unequalled.

Chaps, Redness, Sunburn, Roughness, etc. disappear as if by magic.

J. SIMON

13, R. Grange-Batelière, Paris

Mertens, 64, Holborn Viaduct, London (E.C.)

Chemists, Druggists, Stores, Perfumers

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS MOC-MAIN

(No Steel in Band.) Effective & light. Equally comfortable in an erect or reclining position.

Prices:— Single, 14-, 18-, & 21- Double, 26-, 30-, & 33-6

SCIATIC & KIDNEY BELTS

All Kinds of ELASTIC GOODS.

All goods are manufactured on the premises, & if genuine, should bear our stamp.

Consultations, Descriptive Circular, Price List, &c., free. J. WHITE & CO., Ld., London, 228, Piccadilly, England. Est. 30 Years.

ALEXANDRE'S ORGANS

81, Rue Lafayette, PARIS.

HARMONIUMS for Churches, Drawing Rooms, Schools, &c.

From £4 upwards.

Illustrated Catalogues sent free on Demand.

Apply to Messrs. V. K. SHROFF and Co, BOMBAY,

Agents for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

PETER MÖLLER'S

COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.

HIGHEST PRIZES AT NINETEEN

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

The only oil free from Hydroxyls (which abound in emulsions and solutions), and consequently from the pleasant flavour, "aftertaste" or "repetition," and yet a most powerful and valuable therapeutic.

In Capsuled Bottles only.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S

Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

PENS

KNITTING, EMBROIDERY, FANCY WOOLS AND SILKS.

THE PROVIDENCE MILLS SPINNING CO., Bradford, Yorks, Eng.

Guarantee the full weight of 16-oz. to the lb. Their Wools and Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the Best Quality and Pure Fast Dye.

AT FIRST COST.

DIRECT from the SPINNERS.

Prices and Samples Post Free.

Mention this Paper.

Saves all intermediary profits by purchasing your

"A CHARMING SCENT."

H.R.H. The Duchess of York.

ATKINSON'S

WHITE ROSE.

"The Sweetest of Sweet Odours."

Delightfully and delicately fragrant

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

ATKINSON'S ONLY GENUINE

Perfume, Toilet Powder, Soap, Tooth Powder, Sachets, & all other specialities with this "charming" odour, of all Dealers throughout the World & of the Manufacturers—

J. & T. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond St., London.

NOTICES.

W. CLARK'S HOPLEMUROMA

WILLIAM CLARK begs to call the attention of the Nobility and Gentry, also Trainers and Dealers, and all who have the care and management of Horses, to his

HOPLEMUROMA

(HOOF OINTMENT)

For the improvement of the growth of Horses' Feet, also to cure and prevent Navicular Disease, Jarring, Fever in the Feet, Brittle and Shelly Feet, Sand Cracks, Seedy Toes, Diseased Frogs, Corns, Cracked and Greasy Heels, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Throats, &c., also prevents Horses throwing Shoes.

This matchless preparation causes the Horn to grow about three-quarters of an inch per month, making it tough and wiry, and prevents it breaking away, and does not stop Horses from doing their usual work, besides being highly conducive to the general health and well-being of the Horse's Foot.

After successful applications of the above for 25 years, and during that period never knowing it to fail, W. C. can with the greatest confidence recommend it, and also feels it his duty to make the public acquainted with a preparation so valuable for the cure of the above-mentioned diseases, and no Stable ought to be without it.

1. Sound Foot. 2. Seedy Toe. 3. Sound Foot and Frog. 4. Diseased Foot. 5. Contracted Foot. 6. Sound Foot. 7. Brittle, Shelly and Sand Crack. 8. Application of Hoplemuroma.

Yours faithfully, J. S. MIDDLETON.

METROPOLITAN POLISH

For restoring and preserving all kinds of Patent Enamel, and Morocco Leather. It renders them perfectly elastic. It will not attract heat. Likewise for cleaning and restoring Oil Paintings, Carriage Panels, &c. For French Polished, Japanned, and Varnished Goods, it will be found unequalled.

Brown Leather Polish

For Cleaning, Beautifying, and Preserving all kinds of Brown Leather Boots and Shoes and every description of Brown Leather.

Made in Three Shades— NUT BROWN, LIGHT BROWN, AND MAHOGANY.

Brown Boot Stain

For Removing Stains and Restoring Leather to its Original Colour.

FOR ALL KINDS OF BROWN LEATHER BOOTS AND SHOES Warranted not to injure the leather.

PASIATREUSIS

For Outward Application.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ROARERS & WHISTLERS.

A certain cure for Horses' Sore Throats, Irritation of the Throat, Strangles, Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ringbones, Capped Hocks, &c. Enlarged or Stiff Joints can be reduced by the use of this preparation giving freedom of action. Contracted Muscles, Sinews, and Sidebones made elastic. It is the quickest known remedy to reduce inflammation, and does not Blister or cause any Irritation when applied, or remove the hair.

This Preparation is so simple in its use that it does not prevent the animal from doing it usual daily work during its application. This is a very great advantage. To Breeders, Trainers, Job Masters, &c., it is a most invaluable remedy, and during the last 25 years has effected some wonderful cures.

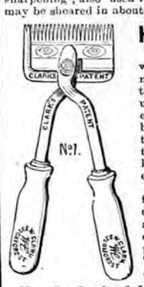
A bottle of Embrocation accompanies the same, and should be used alternatively.

This is the most humane remedy ever introduced to the public, as it does away with the painful operations of firing and blistering, and causes the animal no pain whatever.

PATENT APPARATUS

For Horse Clipping and Sheep Shearing.

By means of this Machine a horse can be clipped in about half-an-hour, only one man and boy being required. It works at the rate of between 2,000 and 3,000 cuts per minute, and the cutters being made with the Patent Grasshopper Springs, never require sharpening; also used for Sheep shearing. A sheep may be sheared in about three minutes.



HORSE-CLIPPERS.

No. 1.—ORIGINAL.—This well-known Instrument has now been before the public for twenty years, and has given universal satisfaction, and is everywhere acknowledged to be by far the best and cheapest in the market. It has been known to clip between 200 and 300 horses before requiring sharpening.

No. 2.—One-handed Clipper for heads, manes, quarters, and difficult parts, leaving one hand at liberty to hold the horse, thus enabling the clipping to be performed by one man only. This Machine is also used for clipping Poodles.

No. 3.—One-handed Clipper, with coarser teeth for legs and bellies, and coarse hair, which would break the finer teeth, avoiding the necessity of getting under the animal and consequent liability of accident to the man and also to the machine itself.

No. 4.—A two-handed Instrument, with the Patent Grasshopper Springs over the plates. This improvement renders the machines simply perfect, producing a softness and ease of motion not to be surpassed, whilst by the peculiar and continuous self-acting pressure of the spring the two plates are kept in cutting contact, and the machine requires no further sharpening. It is, therefore, specially adapted for the Colonies.

No. 5.—Has a third pressure plate, which, bearing on the entire cutting portion of the machine, produces a soft and even motion.

CLARK'S LIST OF HAIR-CUTTING MACHINES,

Of Various Sizes and Description of Makes.

(1) Is a Grasshopper Spring Clipper made in 5 different lengths of cut, namely, ¼, ⅛, ⅜, ½, ⅝ of an inch. This machine is the best in existence, and will keep on the cut for years. The springs between the two handles are the best, as they give more power to the cut, and last much longer than others.

AGENTS:—Treacher and Co., BYCULLA, BOMBAY AND POONA; Bathgate and Co., CALCUTTA.

"FITS LIKE A GLOVE."

THOMSON'S TRADE MARK.

"GLOVE-FITTING" CORSET

The Perfection of Shape, Fitting, and Durability.

APPROVED by the whole polite world.

Annual Sale over One Million Pairs.

To be had of all Dealers throughout the World. TWELVE FIRST MEDALS.

MANUFACTURERS: W. S. THOMSON & Co., LTD., LONDON.

Section of every Corset is marked "THOMSON'S GLOVE-FITTING," and bears our Trade Mark, the Crown. None others are Genuine

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

DR. N. H. GHEESTA, AMERICAN DENTIST,

CHICAGO DENTAL COLLEGE OF SURGERY.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

By means of the Gold-bridge System I now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Serviceable and Durable.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA is now ready to perform all operations pertaining to Dentistry.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA has been in Dental practice for the last 23 years.

He has, in Practitioner's Class, practised Dentistry for a period in 1893, and obtained a Diploma for proficiency from the Chicago College of Dental Surgery, U.S.A.

NO. 65-67, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY

MILKMAID BRAND CONDENSED MILK

The "Milkmaid" Brand is guaranteed to contain all the cream of the original milk. In the process of manufacture nothing but water is removed, nothing but the best refined sugar added.

Avoid low-priced brands from which the cream has been abstracted, and ask for the "Milkmaid" Brand, the best for all purposes.

Largest Sale in the World.

S. & H. HARRIS

FOR Boots, Shoes, Harness, AND ALL Black Leather Articles.

Does not injure the Leather.

Requires no Brushing.

ASK FOR IT.

WATERPROOF.

HARNESS LIQUID Or Self-shining Jet. | JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers.
Manufactory: LONDON, E.

ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF INFANCY

Neave's Food

FOR THE AGED

MACNIVEN & CAMERON'S PENS

"The WAVERLEY PEN is a Treasure."—*Standard.*

"The OWL PEN *par excellence* the Ladies' Pen."—*Court Journal.*

"The PICKWICK PEN embodies an improvement of great value."—*Engineer.*

Sold by all Stationers.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER, Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

BENGER'S FOOD

For Infants & Invalids & The Aged

MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE, AND DIGESTIBLE.

Sold by all leading Chemists, &c., Everywhere.

Agents—TREACHER & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA; KEMP & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY; PHILLIPS & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY and POONA.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

The Company's NEW COOKERY BOOK sent free on application to

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Ltd., 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books may also be had gratis on application at the office of this paper.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY.

FREEMAN'S

REJECT SUBSTITUTE

Sold Everywhere ORIGINAL in Bottles at 12 Annas and Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10

CHLORODYNE

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA, AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVER.

Vinolia Soap

Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots.

The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimples in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

VINOLIA SOAPS.—ALL PRICES, VINOLIA SHAVING STICKS AND CAKES AND VINOLIA POWDER (FOR THE COMPLEXION).

"G.B." FOR DIABETES. FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

DIABETES WHISKY.

FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT.

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

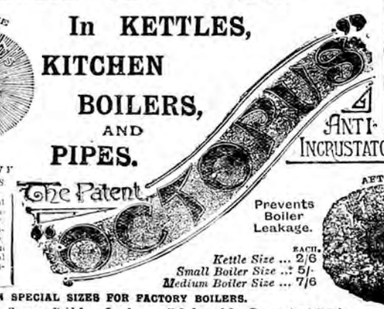
HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,

GEORGE BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

Collects the 'FUR' In KETTLES, KITCHEN BOILERS, AND PIPES.

BEFORE USE



AFTER USE

Placed in a Kettle, it is most interesting and instructive to watch the development of the 'Octopus' week by week until the tree is, of, say two months, it resembles a block of coral, and becomes an unimpeachable witness of its usefulness.

ONE OF MANY TESTIMONIALS.

Messrs. Neville, Reid and Co., Brewers to the Queen, Windsor, write: "The 'Octopus' supplied have in every case been of great benefit, and given much satisfaction."

EACH.
Kettle Size ... 2/6
Small Boiler Size ... 5/-
Medium Boiler Size ... 7/6

MADE IN SPECIAL SIZES FOR FACTORY BOILERS.

Carriage Paid from London on all Orders of One Dozen at retail prices.

Purifies and Softens the Water. *Sold all over the World.*

Agents in Calcutta, WHEATLEY THOMAS & Co., 73, New China Bazaar.
Sold by the ARMY AND NAVY STORES at Bombay and Karachi.
Special Wholesale Agents, W. B. FORDHAM & SONS, Ltd., 36-40, York Rd., King's Cross, London, N.
Patentees and Sole Manufacturers,
LANGSTAFFE, BANKS & PECKOVER, 66, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

WILL POSITIVELY STOP HAIR FROM FALLING OUT
KOKO FOR THE HAIR
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
WILL CERTAINLY INCREASE THE GROWTH OF HAIR

ENSURES MAGNIFICENT TRESSES.

KOKO FOR THE HAIR is a tonic, cleansing, invigorating preparation, causes hair to grow LUXURIANTLY, keeps it soft & pliant, imparts to it the LUSTRE & FRESHNESS OF YOUTH, eradicates dandruff, PREVENTS HAIR FALLING, is THE MOST CLEANLY of hair preparations, PERFECTLY HARMLESS, is particularly cooling and refreshing, and SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR A HOT CLIMATE.

"CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 54, Holborn Viaduct, London, January 18th, 1888.

"I have found nothing in this preparation which could be injurious either to the head or hair, and the results of the analysis lead me to pronounce 'Koko for the Hair' a pleasant dressing which would undoubtedly be advantageous in many cases. I discovered in the preparation no ingredients of the nature of a colouring matter or dye. EDWY GODWIN CLAYTON, F.I.C., F.C.S.,—*Member of the Society of Public Analysts, &c.*"

WINDSOR CASTLE, Windsor, May 9, 1895.

COLONEL G. J. IVEY writes:—"Please send me another bottle of 'Koko.' I can conscientiously state that 'Koko' has quite performed all you say. I have found it most efficacious. My hair came out more than I liked; since using it scarcely any remains in my brushes. I have strongly recommended it to my friends, and certainly I shall never use any other than 'Koko.'"

MISS ELLEN TERRY, the great actress, writes—"I have used KOKO for the Hair for years and can assure my friends that it stops the hair from falling off, promotes its growth, keeps the head cool and free from dandruff, and is the most pleasant dressing imaginable."

From "The Profession."—Mr. HENRY WESTLAND, of Toole's Theatre, Strand, W.C., writes—"'Koko' will certainly arrest the falling off of the hair, strengthen and increase its growth."

Sold by all Chemists at 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d. (English prices.)

Sole Manufacturers: The Koko Maricopas Co., Ltd., Gray's Inn Road, London, Eng.

GEOFFROY & DELORE,

28, Rue des Chasses, CLICHY-LA-GARENNE (Seine), FRANCE.

ELECTRIC WIRES AND CABLES

FOR

Light, Transport of Energy, Instruments of Precision, Dynamo Engines, Torpedoes, Telephone, Bells, &c.

APPLY TO Messrs. F. FISCHER & Co., BOMBAY.

Agents for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz., "The only Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C., 27th November, 1894.

SIR,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an Advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the Advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 5) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 5317, and its date is 3rd May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphodyne" by itself, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is numbered 12527, and is of date 26th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,

(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries.

REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. AND 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S-PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

PEARS

SOAP MAKERS BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT To HER MAJESTY

The Queen

and HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS The

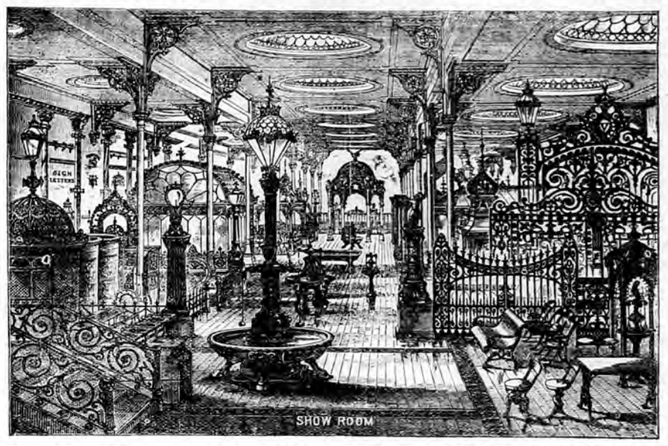
Prince of Wales.

WALTER MACFARLANE & CO.,

TRADE WALTER MAC FARLANE & Co GLASGOW SARACEN FOUNDRY MARK. GLASGOW. TRADE WALTER MAC FARLANE & Co GLASGOW SARACEN FOUNDRY MARK.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS AND BRACKETS. ELECTRIC WIRE WAYS.

CONSERVATORIES. LAMP PILLARS. SHOP FRONTS. BANDSTANDS. TOMB RAILS. VERANDAHS. BANNERETS. CRESTINGS. SPANDRILS. BRACKETS. COLUMNS. GATES. ARCADES. RAILINGS. PAVILIONS. PILASTERS. BALCONIES. TERMINALS. FLAGSTAFFS. ALTAR RAILS. ORNL FRONTS. ORNL ROOFING. CLOCK TOWERS.



STRAIGHT STAIRS. TABLE FITTINGS. ORNL GUTTERS. SPIRAL STAIRS. ROOF PLATES. ORNL PANELS. VENTILATORS. BALUSTERS. FOUNTAINS. GRATINGS. URINALS. PUMPS. CLOSETS. ASH BINS. HANDRAILS. GATE PIERS. R. W. PIPES. BATHS. SINKS. WASH STANDS. GARDEN SEATS SEAT STANDARDS. CATTLE TROUGHS. SCHOOL FITTINGS.

MACFARLANE'S GLASS ENAMELLED DRAIN AND SOIL PIPES ARE IMPERVIOUS TO RUST, HAVE PERFECTLY SMOOTH INTERIORS, AND CAN BE SUPPLIED TESTED TO ANY PRESSURE.

ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIVE WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES, PRICE LISTS, AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATIO

LINCOLN, AND 78, Lombard St., LONDON.

Upwards of 29,000 Engines Made and Sold.

Clayton & Shuttleworth

Simple and Compound.

PORTABLE ENGINES.
SEMI-PORTABLE ENGINES,
UNDERTYPE ENGINES,
TRACTION ENGINES.
(New Pattern with all recent Improvements.)
HORIZONTAL ENGINES.
STRAW BURNING ENGINES.
SPECIAL ELECTRIC LIGHT ENGINES.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES Free by Post to any Part of the World.

Catalogues and full particulars can be obtained from RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS, Bombay; or T. E. THOMSON & Co., 9, Esplanade Row, Calcutta.

SANITARY SPECIALITIES

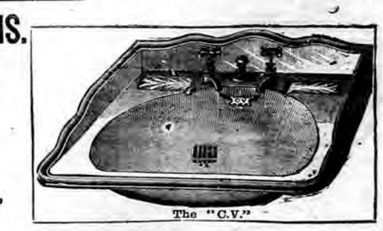
In FINEST STAFFORDSHIRE EARTHENWARE and SUPERIOR WHITE ENAMELLED FIRE-CLAY.

The "DELUGE."

PEDESTAL W.C. BASINS.

Wash-Downs—
The "DELUGE."
The "TRIDENT."
The "ZONE."

Wash-Outs—
The "UNITAS."
The "TORNADO."
The "VELOS."



The "C.V."

LAVATORY BASINS.

The "C.V.," with Improved Standing Waste and Overflow.
The "IDEAL," with Large Open Overflow.
The "CRESCENT," with Recessed Waste and Overflow.

URINALS, SINKS, WASH-TUBS, &c., &c.

TWYFORD, CLIFFE VALE POTTERY, HANLEY, STAFFS., ENG.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

For CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

PRICE Rs. 2-12 PER GALLON.

Sole Manufacturers—ENGELBERT & CO., BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

Agents, with Stock—Messrs. MACBETH BROTHERS & CO., BOMBAY.

REYNOLDS' GOUT SPECIFIC is acknowledged throughout the whole world to be the most certain remedy for Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, and Sciatica. A single dose affording relief within a few hours. Highly recommended by Doctors and others. Dr. Brewster (for many years one of the leading Physicians in Paris) writes:—I have prescribed REYNOLDS GOUT SPECIFIC in all cases of Rheumatic affections and found it an infallible remedy. I have always had much pleasure in recommending it, and consider it a safe and invaluable medicine.

Sold in bottles by all Chemists.

Sole Agents for India:—TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Byculla and Poona.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Printed and published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Librairie, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.